Weather
Warmer weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 87.5 and the minimum 66.4, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 79.9 and 57.2.

THE CHINA PRESS
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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SHOPS STAY SHUT WITHOUT SIGN OF ENDING OF STRIKE

Chinese Standing Firmly On Demands They Have Made On Peking

PATROLS ARE OUT

Volunteers Are Called To Preserve Order Throughout Day

QUIET MAINTAINED

Only Two Arrests Follow Clashes Of Throngs With Police

Government Frees Students In Peking

Reuter's Pacific Service

Peking, June 5, 11.30 p.m.—After the reports had been received of the closing of the shops in Shanghai in sympathy with the students, the policy of the Government underwent a sudden change, all the students who had been arrested were released and the military guards were withdrawn from the educational institutions.

Trials In Hongkong

Hongkong, June 5.—Eleven youths and a Chinese schoolmaster were charged at the Magistracy today with anti-Japanese demonstrations. The schoolmaster was discharged, but judgment in the case of the youths was reserved until Saturday.

All was reported quiet in Louza and other districts at 1 a.m. and the Special Constables were dismissed from duty. A detachment of Volunteers was kept standing by at the Town Hall in case of emergency.

Strike bound Shanghai, its shops still shuttered, assumed the air of a city under martial restraint yesterday as the Shanghai Volunteer Corps was mobilised by the Municipal Council and went on duty to keep the crowds under control and prevent disorder generally in the various districts of the town.

One or two short, sharp brushes between militia and police and the mob and one or two minor assaults on Japanese or persons mistaken for Japanese were the extent of the disturbances up to a late hour last night, but throughout the day the city was under a tension which the incidents mentioned seemed likely to snap, with serious results.

The students' and merchants' organisations which are behind the strike and boycott movement themselves exerted every effort to keep the demonstration on the passive, orderly footing which has been outlined as their plan of campaign and the issue of statements, the sending out of bands of student speakers and the distribution and posting of thousands of leaflets, posters and flags urging the preservation of the peace formed the major part of their activities during the day.

Students Make Request

In connection with the mobilisation of the militia, the Chinese Students' Union yesterday morning submitted a request to the Municipal Council asking that the Volunteers and the Special Constables be placed on duty in the Settlement for the better handling of the crowds and officials of the organisation expressed gratification when the men appeared on the streets at 2 p.m. Last night the Students' Union prepared a letter of thanks to the Council for the prompt endorsement of the proposal, expressing the hope that the presence on duty of the high class personnel of these two corps would prevent parties unfriendly to the student campaign from bringing about disturbances to discredit the movement.

The Shanghai Commercial Federation, composed of 62 of the leading

(Continued on Page 4)

Chinese Hero, With Distinguished Service Cross, Returns Home

Sergeant Sing Kee. INT.

Sing Kee, color sergeant of the 306th Infantry Regiment of the 77th (New York) Division, photographed upon his return to the United States recently on the transport Mt. Vernon. Sergeant Kee is the winner of the American Distinguished Service Cross, awarded to him for making four round trips as a runner from headquarters of his division to an advanced position of a battalion. Twenty American heroes had previously volunteered as runners for the trip, but one by one they had either succumbed to gas were killed or wounded. Sergeant Kee volunteered and succeeded in making the four trips, despite German snipers, gas and machine-guns. In all he covered about eight miles. Sergeant Kee was born in San Francisco, but six months before entering the service had moved to New York.

Strike Of Policemen Throughout Britain Is Now In Prospect

Government Grants Increased Pay But Is Refusing To Recognise Union

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 30.—The prospects of a National Police Strike on the 3rd are growing.

The position is that the Government has given assurances of increased pay and better conditions of services but refused the demand to recognise the Police Union or to reinstate several dismissed constables whom the Union declares have been victimised.

The Commissioner of Metropolitan Police, General Sir Nevil Macready, has issued a drastic order warning all ranks who failed to report for duty or when called on that they will be forthwith dismissed and not permitted to rejoin the Metropolitan Police in any circumstances. Dismissal will entail loss of pension rights.

The Commissioner will not accept the excuses of men unable to parade or to carry on their work owing to intimidation and officers and men are authorised to defend themselves by all legitimate means if interfered with in the execution of their duty.

Picketing of the police is declared to be illegal.

The Home Secretary, interviewed by a representative of Reuter's Agency, admitted that the police were inadequately paid but the committee inquiring into the matter had already decided upon substantial increases of pay dating from April 1 and an improvement of conditions, especially with regard to housing.

The report of the committee will deal with the whole country, including Scotland, while the starting pensionable pay of a constable will be 70/- a week.

In the event of a strike, the special constables will be invited to help the Government.

Missing Turk Leaders Must Be Surrendered

Treaty To Provide That Enver Pasha And Talaat Pasha Be Given Up, Commons Hears

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—Replying to Mr. W. A. G. Ormsby-Gore, Mr. Cecil Harmsworth stated that the whereabouts of Enver Pasha and Talaat Pasha are at present unknown but the Government is determined to bring them to account for the atrocities of the war and he understood that the Treaty of Peace with Turkey would provide therefor.

'Oust Traitors Within Three Days Or We Pay No Taxes,' Declare Shanghai Merchants

Ultimatum Framed At Meeting Of Representatives Of Trades And Guilds Yesterday Is Telegraphed To Peking

"Oust the Peking traitors within three days or we pay no taxes," was the ultimatum framed yesterday at a meeting of over 300 Shanghai merchants, representing many trades and guilds. The meeting was held in the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce. The decision to send a telegram to this effect to Peking was made without a dissenting vote and the proposal was received with loud applause.

The merchants met at 3 o'clock and Mr. Zia Heng-chang was elected by acclamation to take the chair and Messrs. Chang Tung-sheng, of the Shih Shih Hsin Pao, and Mr. Yeh Tsoo-chang, of the Min Kuo Jih Pao, were elected secretaries.

Gives Purpose Of Meeting

The opening address was made by Mr. Chow Chin-chai, chairman of the Federation of Merchants' Organisation of Shanghai, who stated that the meeting was called in order to discuss means of regaining the people's freedom and to bring about the punishment of the unpatriotic officials in Peking.

Mr. Tsao Mu-kwan, the next speaker, said that it was useless to talk sense with the Peking Government. In the Manchu regime the officials had some regard for the interests of the people but the officials of the present day knew only how to oppress the people. He was sure that Peking would ignore the request of the people to punish the traitors. What would the merchants do if this should be so? He proposed that the people of Shanghai and all other cities should refuse to pay taxes until Peking yielded to the wish of the people. The suggestion met with a burst of applause.

Proposes Telegram

What was the use of paying taxes to a Government which persistently refused to consider the claims of the people and the welfare of the country, he asked. He proposed therefore that a telegram should be despatched to Peking to say that unless the traitors were punished within three days, no more taxes will be paid to the government collectors.

The motion was put to vote and was adopted unanimously.

Two student speakers then took the platform and said that steps should be taken to spread the strike as quickly as possible throughout the country. This was necessary, they stated, in order to test whether the Peking Government or this meeting was right regarding the fate of the officials. If the whole country refused to respond to the call of the Shanghai merchants then let Peking punish those who were present at the meeting for creating an unpopular movement. If the whole country responded then it would be a conclusive proof that Peking was wrong in protecting the objects of the strikers' attention, and when the voice of the whole country became unanimous even a treacherous Government would have to act. They urged therefore that a telegram be despatched to the whole country to ask them to express their view.

DERBYSHIRE OIL STRIKE REPORTED TO COMMONS

Deputy Minister Of Munitions Tells Of Successful Results From Experiments

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—In the House of Commons today Mr. F. G. Kellaway, Deputy Minister of Munitions, stated that in connection with the Government scheme for the development of the oil resources of the United Kingdom oil had been struck at Hards Toft, in Derbyshire. It rose rapidly to 400 feet and boring had to be stopped in order to prevent flooding. The oil was of good quality. He deprecated over-optimism as it was impossible at present to form a definite conclusion with regard to the extent of the discovery, but experts were satisfied with the prospects. This was the first serious effort to explore the oil resources of the United Kingdom.

Mission From Britain Arrives In Baltic

Report Received That German Cavalry Division Aided In Capture Of Riga

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Helsingfors states that a British Military Mission under General Gough has arrived.

Taking Of Riga

London, May 29.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Kenworthy, Mr. Cecil Harmsworth stated that the British representatives at Libau reported on May 24 that Riga had been occupied by the Balts, supported by a German Cavalry Division. He understood the representatives of the Allies in Paris have considered the matter with a view to the adoption of necessary measures.

Commons Learns Sum Britain Owes U.S.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Lieut.-Col. Buckley, Mr. Austen Chamberlain stated that Great Britain at present owed the United States £4,050,000,000.

CABLE TO U.S. RESTORED

The Commercial Pacific Cable Company announces that its route to America is restored. Messages in cipher may be received and signatures are not necessary.

LEGISLATION FOR ALIENS IN COLONIES DISCUSSED

Commons Told It Is Not Yet Known What Measures Have Been Taken In Dominions

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Kennedy Jones, Lieut.-Colonel Amery stated that he was not yet able to say what precise measures it was desirable or practicable to take in the colonies and protectorates in order to provide effectively for the regulation of the admission of aliens or to what extent these measures should be based on the regulations proposed in the United Kingdom.

He emphasised that the question would require very careful consideration in order to secure the end in view in the manner most suitable to the conditions in each case.

Britain Plans To Give Planes To Dominions

Surplus Machines Are To Be Offered For Postal And Other Services

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—In the House of Commons today, at question time, Lieut.-Col. Ashley asked if the Air Ministry would offer the Dominions and colonies some of its surplus aeroplanes for postal and similar services.

General Seely replied that the question had been considered and a satisfactory conclusion reached by the Government, announcement of which he would make later.

Lieut.-Col. Ashley asked if it would be by gift or purchase.

General Seely replied that it would be as a free gift to the Dominions, Crown Colonies and India.

Former Crown Prince Of Germany Missing

Takes Automobile For Unknown Destination At Town In Northern Holland

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—The correspondent of The Times at The Hague states that the ex-Crown Prince left Vieringen on May 28 unexpectedly and went to Ewyckshuis in North Holland where a motor car was waiting. His destination is unknown.

Commander Of New York's 'Black Watch' Decorated With French Legion Of Honor

Colonel Hayward decorated with Legion of Honor. INT.

Colonel William Hayward, commander of New York's old Fifteenth colored Regiment, "The Black Watch," received the medal of the Legion of Honor for bravery and intrepid leadership in the drive in Champagne, France. The medal was conferred by General Collardet, of the French Army, assisted by his aide, Captain Blase. The ceremony took place in the Stadium of the New York City College.

DEMOBILISATION IN U.S. IS PROCEEDING RAPIDLY

Estimates Given To Congress Of Number Of Troops Remaining In France

(American Press Wireless)

Washington, June 2.—The War Department estimates which have been sent to Congress provide for the maintenance of 600,000 men in France and Germany during July, 400,000 during August and 200,000 during September. Major McKay of the Army Bureau of Finance told the House of Representatives Military Committee that should an army of occupation be needed next October the first Congress would be asked for additional funds.

The demobilisation of the army has returned 2,276,299 men back to civil life. General March, Chief-of-Staff, has announced that Major James W. McAndrews, General Pershing's Chief Staff Officer, has been assigned to the post of head of the General Staff College, which will absorb the Army War College.

Mr. Baker, Secretary of War, in a letter thanking Mr. Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, for the navy's expeditious conversion of eight German liners into transports, estimated that homeward movement of troops during May at 320,000, which is a new high mark.

BOLSHEVIKI ON CASPIAN ARE CAUSING TROUBLE

Red Troops Are Advancing On Merv And Have Captured Alexandrovsk

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—Reuter's Agency learns that the Bolshevists have defeated the Trans-Caspian troops and are advancing on Merv, which the Trans-Caspians are evacuating. The situation here is serious. The Bolshevists have occupied Alexandrovsk on the eastern shore of the Caspian. The British have defeated the Bolshevist flotilla on the Caspian.

There has been a serious rising in South Kurdistan headed by a local Sheik. This is believed to be due to the intrigues of the Turkish Committee of Union and Progress. The gendarmerie has been defeated and the wires cut in several places and it is feared that British officers and troops have been taken prisoners. The situation is anxious. The Army of Occupation in Mesopotamia is taking steps to deal with it.

HARBIN GIVES SUMMARY OF EVENTS IN SIBERIA

News Received That Peasants Are Pursuing And Destroying Bolshevist Bands

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Harbin, June 5.—Reuter's Agency is reliably informed that the peasants are energetically pursuing and destroying the Bolshevik bands in the Blagoveschensk region.

An official message from Omsk states that Major-General Lebedeff has been appointed Minister of War instead of General Stepanoff, who has received a new post, and is leaving for Paris shortly.

Admiral Koltchak has received many telegrams of congratulation on the anniversary of the freeing of Siberia from the Bolshevist yoke.

It is reported from different parts of Siberia that the mobilisation is meeting with the sympathy of the population chiefly on account of growing confidence in the Government.

On account of some Russian firms in Harbin accepting payment in Siberian notes only at a considerable discount, General Pleshkoff has issued an order forbidding the above speculation on threat of a fine of 3,000 roubles.

An official communique from the Siberian army states:

Our offensive, which was temporarily checked by bad weather and flooded rivers, has been renewed with increased energy.

Asia Minor Centers Occupied By Greeks

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 30.—Greek troops have occupied Magnesia and Oldin in Asia Minor, without incident. Perfect order prevails in the whole occupied territory.

CASUALTIES IN INDIA REPORTED TO COMMONS

About 400 Killed And As Many Injured In Course Of Recent Uprisings

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 28.—In the House of Commons today, during question time, the Secretary of State for India stated that he understood the total numbers of deaths and persons injured in the recent riots in India was about 400 in each case, including eight or nine Europeans. The damage was estimated at nearly a million pounds sterling.

TROOPS ARE TOLD BY LLOYD GEORGE ENEMY 'MUST SIGN'

If Not At Versailles, He Says, Then It Will Be Done At Berlin

TAKES ALL BLAME

Tells Soldiers He Alone Is Responsible For Work They Must Do

PROPOSALS HEARD

Last Of Counter-Claims Germans Will Offer Are Received

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 30.—Addressing the 38th Welsh Division at Amiens recently, Mr. Lloyd George said:

"The Germans have declared they will not sign the Peace Treaty. We have replied, 'Gentlemen, you must sign. If you don't do so at Versailles, you shall do so in Berlin.'"

The Premier continued, "We are not going to give way. The future of the World depends on this peace being imposed on Germany. If it is necessary for you to march to Berlin, if your leave is cancelled or your departure to England delayed, you will know that I alone am responsible; so you had better get your firing party out now. See that the seal is put on to the document you have helped to write and we shall have peace throughout the whole world."

Final Claims Presented

Versailles, May 29.—The second part of the German counter-proposals has been presented and is believed to constitute the complete document.

Want All Armies Reduced

Paris, May 29.—It is reported that the German reply will propose that the reduction in the German army and navy be accompanied by a corresponding reduction in the Allied armies.

The first part of the German counter-proposals was sent to M. Clemenceau by Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau yesterday evening. It consisted of eighty-eight pages in German entitled, "Observations of the German Delegation on the Conditions of Peace."

Le Petit Journal has reason to believe that Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau has been authorised to sign the Treaty of Peace with the reservation that the Treaty must be ratified by a plesicite of the German people.

Deals With Fiume Question

Paris, May 29.—A solution of the Fiume question was submitted at yesterday's meeting of the Council of Four which the Italian Premier described as Italy's minimum demand. It is that Fiume should be an independent State bordering an Italian Istria.

Italy maintains her claim to the towns of Zara and Sebenico, in Dalmatia, and the chain of islands running south from the Gulf of Fiume, which is important from the strategic point of view, but she would renounce her claim to the rest of Dalmatia.

German Minister Heard

Berlin, May 27.—Addressing the Majority Socialists, the Minister Dr. David defended the German counter-proposals and declared they had gone as far as possible. He said the Government unanimously approved of Herr Scheidemann saying "Unacceptable" in connection with the Allied Peace Terms.

Victory Of Italians In Siberia Reported

Encounter Told Of In Message From Peking Legation To Consulate Here

The Italian Consulate-General in Shanghai yesterday received the following telegram from the Italian Legation, dated Peking June 5:

The Commander of the Italian Expeditionary Forces telegraphs that a fresh encounter has taken place with Bolshevik troops east of Krasnoiarsk.

An Italian column, led by Major Gaggiotti, reinforced by a small contingent of Czech and Russian troops, after a long and difficult advance on rough ground, came in contact with large enemy forces, commanded by Scesinsky and having their base in the village of Alexensko.

The enemy was effectively entrenched and numerically superior. After a long hand to hand fight and bayonet attacks, the enemy was forced to evacuate their position and to withdraw in disorder leaving behind many dead and wounded. Our losses were small.

SATURDAY CLUB HEARS ANTI-SALOON SPEAKER

Dr. D. M. Gandier, President Of American League, Tells Why U.S. Went Dry

Important factors in the movement that led to nation-wide prohibition in the United States were reviewed by Dr. D. M. Gandier, president of the Anti-Saloon League of America, in an address that he delivered yesterday before a meeting of the Saturday Club at the Carlton Cafe.

Mr. Thomas Sammons, American Consul, presided at the meeting. Another speaker was Mr. Y. S. Tsao, whose subject was, "The Basis for Better International Relationship."

Excerpts from Doctor Gandier's address follow:

Why America Went Dry

The United States of America have adopted prohibition as the permanent policy of the nation. The amendment to the Constitution of the U.S., which prohibits the manufacture, sale, importation, exportation or transportation of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes, was passed. It has been ratified by 45 State legislatures, only New Jersey, Rhode Island and Connecticut failing to approve.

Probably no one could enumerate all the influences which helped to bring this about. I shall mention five which seem to me to be the most important.

The first was scientific investigation of the effects of alcohol upon the individual and the race. This showed clearly that alcohol, used as a beverage, always works some injury. At its best it does some harm, and at its worst it is hellish.

Conclusions Verified

These conclusions were verified by investigations in many lands and by military and industrial experience, so that employers began to favor total abstainers, making them the first to be promoted and the last to be discharged.

Scientific investigation also revealed the fact that even so-called moderate drinking increases sickness and shortens life. Insurance companies began to keep records of their policyholders. They would not insure drunkards.

Then the effect of drink upon the family was studied. Investigations made in Britain, Finland, Switzerland, America and other lands showed that drink robs many children of their right to be well-born.

Gives Another Cause

The second cause of America going dry is the new social conscience which has been developed. Recent years have heard a new note in the religious and political life of America. Brewery-owned saloons were found to be one of the worst elements in political life. They were invariably the allies of special privilege. All efforts to reform the saloon failed. It was incurably bad. If politics were to be purified the saloon must go. And so a great body of men, who were not total abstainers, became prohibitionists. For the sake of their country, they were willing to give up their drink—not because they thought that drink was hurting them, but because they were convinced that prohibition offered the only remedy for the corrupting influence of the liquor traffic in public life.

In my judgement modern cost-finding systems and workmen's compensation laws were a big influence in causing America to go dry. So long as employers did not have to take care of employes injured in their service, accidents in factories and mills were not a great expense to the business. The operation of workmen's compensation laws made accidents expensive, and employers began to investigate the cause of accidents. This trail led directly to the drink habit. Then modern cost-finding systems enabled employers to tell who among their men were the most efficient. This led to a study of the men and their habits. Abstainers were found to be more efficient than drinking men.

Effective Organisation

The fourth reason for America going dry was the effective organisation of the dry forces. The Anti-Saloon League has been at work twenty-five years and has not only a national organisation, but state organisations in every state of the Union.

The greatest cause of all for America's going dry was that she had sampled prohibition and liked it. Twenty-five states had adopted prohibition as a state policy before Congress proposed national prohibition. Thirty-two states are today under state-wide prohibitions.

This gave opportunity to try the policy under a variety of conditions. Everywhere it gave satisfaction; not that it solved all the problems of the day, but it made things better.

Ceremonial Is Held For Prince Of Wales

Freedom Of City Of London Is Conferred At Meeting At Guildhall

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—There was a brilliant scene in the Guildhall today when H. R. H. the Prince of Wales was admitted to the freedom of the City of London.

H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught and other members of Royalty attended. Among the distinguished guests present were the Maharaja of Bikanir, Lord Sinha, the High Commisssioners of the Dominions and the generals commanding the Overseas Forces.

After the usual ceremonial the City Chamberlain recited the career of the Prince of Wales, emphasising the gallant part he had played in the war and concluded by requesting His Royal Highness to accept two handsome pieces of plate.

The Prince, who was wearing the uniform of a Grenadier Guardsman, heartily thanked the City for its splendid reception. He outlined the work done during the war by the four London divisions, and paid a tribute to their magnificent work throughout the campaign.

At the conclusion of the ceremony he Prince proceeded with the Corporation to lunch at the Mansion House.

Belgian Wounded Soldiers Fund

A. J. (Avril)	$ 5.–
D. Dumont (Suchowfu)	$10.–
A. J. (Mai)	$ 5.–
D. Dumont (Suchowfu)	$10.–
	$30.–

Equal Frs. 174.25 transferred on June 5, 1919.

Belgian Orphan Fund

	Tls. $
D. Dumont (Suchowfu) Avril	10.–
D. S. Gubbay, Esq.	31.37
D. Dumont (Suchowfu) Mai.	10.–
D. S. Gubbay, Esq.	14.32
	Tls. 45.69 $20.–

Equal Frs. 475.75 transferred on June 5, 1919.

D. SIFFERT,
Belgian Consul-General.

Issuance Of New Loan Reported To Commons

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—In the House of Commons today the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced his intention to ask the authority of the House to issue a loan on June 2.

Obituary

Dr. Robert John Sloan.

The funeral services for Dr. Robert John Sloan of 153 Bubbling Well Road, whose death took place Thursday, were held at the Bubbling Well Cemetery yesterday afternoon. The Rev. A. J. Walker officiated both at the graveside and at the chapel. The bier was carried to the graveside by the Rev. C. J. F. Simons, Dr. E. L. Marsh, Mr. H. P. Wilkinson, Dr. Cecil J. Davenport, Capnan R. W. Davis and Mr. C. J. Hughes.

Floral tributes were sent by members of the Royal Order of Scotland, members of the St. Andrew's Society, the Masonic Charity Fund, Dr. and Mrs. C. J. Davenport, Mr. and Mrs. D. Lewis and family, Mrs. Purcell and family, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Wood, Jean, Eileen and Dorothy Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bidgood, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Taylor, the Wallace Family, A. S. Fobes, D. M. Woods, Thomas Veitch, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Brady, Mrs. Parson and Miss Blow, Arthur Dallas, Mr. and Mrs. E. Jener Hogg, R. W. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. dos Remedios, "Loving Wife," "House boy," "House cook," "Gardener," Chin and "Amah."

Dr. Sloan had been in failing health for the last 16 years. He was born of Scottish parentage in Toronto in 1837 and took his degree of doctor of medicine at the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, in 1863. He served with the 30th Missouri Infantry as its assistant surgeon when war broke out between the North and the South and was appointed chief surgeon after the fall of Vicksburg with the regimental rank of major. He served in various capacities until the conclusion of the war.

In 1866, after three year's service, he returned to Canada and was appointed magistrate and coroner of the County of Huron. The Far East attracted his attention and he held the post of surgeon on the old paddlewheel steamers of the Pacific Mail. In 1872, he went with the first Japanese embassy to England. In the following year, he was appointed surgeon to a large Government hospital and medical school at Saga, Japan.

The deceased first came to China in 1877, settling in Shanghai as a general medical practitioner. He was identified with numerous organisations. He was made chief medical examiner and later medical director for the East of the Equitable Life Assurance Co. In 1891, a commission was issued to him as surgeon of the Artillery Company, S.V.C., and two years later, was presented with the Shanghai Jubilee Medal.

Dr. Sloan was also a prominent Mason, having attained the rank of Past Master of the Northern Lodge, No. 570 E. C. and that of Past High Priest of the Keystone Royal Arch Chapter. Mass Constitution. He was active in the formation of the local Masonic Club and was president of the organisation during the first two years of its existence.

Dr. Sloan was also a chess player of exceptional ability, having won the China Challenge Cup for Chess-playing in 1884 and assisted in the first game ever played with living pieces in China, which was played on the grounds of the British Consulate-General before thousands of spectators in the year of Queen Victoria's Jubilee.

Dr. Sloan is survived by his son, the Hon. William Sloan, Minister of Mines and Forests of British Columbia and his second wife, daughter of Mr. Tom Wallace.

Lord Ernle Resigns From British Board

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—Lord Ernle has announced that he is resigning the post of President of the Board of Agriculture.

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It is a RECOMMENDATION to a young man to have a bank book. Have YOU one?

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What Ho! Sakes alive!—Snakes in the Public Garden!

Drink Ice Cream Soda at Sullivan's!

How Students In Peking Defied The Government

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, June 3.—The Government intends to enforce yesterday's mandate warning the students to drop their movement and go back to work, and all political activities by the students have been suppressed with a firm hand since yesterday afternoon.

Arrests began when seven students who were selling native goods at the Tung An Shih Chang, or Eastern Market, were captured by the police and taken before the district magistrate yesterday afternoon. Groups of two or three student vendors of soap, toothpowder, toilet articles, cigarettes and other Chinese products have been seen in Central Park, the Temple of Agriculture and other public resorts for the past week or ten days, the selling of goods being the only activity that remained to the students under the orders of General Wang Huai-ching; and these men have not been interfered with hitherto.

The seven arrested students were questioned by the magistrate as to why they were out on the streets selling native goods, and to this they replied that they were working their way through college like students in foreign countries, and the sale of small wares furnished them with the best means of making money. They are all in jail today.

Seven Are Questioned

Yesterday's plan of the student council to renew the street lecturing campaign today went into effect according to program. The students, 2,000 strong and representing every school in Peking, assembled at ten o'clock this morning and then at once set out in squads of ten to the precincts assigned to them for lecturing. Neither colors nor insignia were shown until each squad had reached its destination, but then the students, no longer hiding their light, broke out their flags and started in. Some of them talked to the crowds that gathered about the necessity for holding together and supporting Chinese industries, while others distributed circulars to everyone who passed by.

The first students were arrested today at about half past ten, and from that time on until well into the evening detachments of soldiers were busy rounding up the lecturing squads and hustling them off to jail. The police and gendarmes were not quite prepared at first, but reserves were soon called out, and by noon the entire city was alive with troops, many of them mounted. Their method of arresting the students was to hustle them off with one man at each student's elbow, the arrested being obliged to run whether he liked it or not.

Disposal Of Prisoners

After being registered at the nearest police station the arrested students were taken to the Government University under guard and locked up in the law school buildings, where seven hundred demonstrators were rounded up by seven o'clock this evening. The buildings are guarded by five hundred gendarmes and policemen, who have pitched their tents in the yard outside and look as though they had come to stay. No students are allowed to enter or leave this compound except under guard, and a foreign professor in the law department could not enter the buildings on university business until he had made a direct appeal to the general commanding the troops.

Reports from the various schools in the city indicate that of the two thousand who set out this morning at least one thousand were missing at nine o'clock this evening, but it has not been possible to ascertain whether those not accounted for, some three hundred or more, are in hiding or have been detained by the police. In any event the students feel that they have started something big today, and those who escaped from the police, together with many recruits to the cause, announce that they will go on with it tomorrow. They say that this movement won't stop now until the Government either does something for the country as they see it or has the entire student body of Peking under lock and key.

The Dean of the Department of Philosophy of the Government University later made the statement that 400 of the 700 students detained in the law buildings have been without food, or the means of obtaining food, since breakfast. Twenty large tents have been pitched outside the buildings to accommodate the soldiers who are guarding them. Both he and various other members of the faculty, all of them Chinese, describe the Government's treatment of the students as unreasonable in the extreme, but say that nothing else can be expected as long as the military and communications cliques hold the real power.

HAWKER'S COMPANION MAY FLY WITH RAYNHAM

Commander Grieve Is Invited To Join New Venture—NC-4 Greeted At Plymouth

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

St. Johns, May 29.—Raynham has invited Commander Grieve to navigate his Martinsyde aeroplane, which he is reconstructing.

Arrival Of NC-4

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Plymouth, England, June 2.—The United States seaplane NC-4 has arrived here, completing the Trans-Atlantic air flight from the United States. The NC-4 flew the five hundred miles from Jerrol, Spain, to Plymouth at seventy-two miles per hour.

Reception Provided

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 29.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. William Brace, General Seely said that the Air Ministry is making all possible arrangements to fittingly receive the aviators of NC-4, saying: "Our flying-boats and seaplanes will meet and escort them to Plymouth. The naval, military and civil authorities will co-operate. It is expected that the NC-4 will leave Lisbon tomorrow."

Start From Lisbon

London, May 30.—The American seaplane NC-4 has left Lisbon and is expected to arrive in Plymouth this afternoon.

Later.—The NC-4 came down in the Mondego River, 120 miles north of Lisbon.

Makes Second Start

London, May 30.—The NC-4 is undamaged but the flight will not be resumed today.

Reuter's Agency learns that the Admiralty contemplates the trans-Atlantic flight shortly with either of the airships R.33 or R.34.

The All British
Standard
LIGHT CAR
Absolute simplicity—longest mileage for minimum petrol consumption. Easy to start. The ideal car for the Owner Driver.
Send your enquiry for early delivery of post-war model to—
Standard Motor Co. Ltd., Coventry.

Edison Lamps

EDISON
The Guarantee of Excellence on Goods Electrical
The Trade Mark of the Largest Electrical Manufacturer in the World.

Now manufactured in the China Branch Factory of the General Electric Co. of America, known as the China General Edison Co., Inc. This factory, under American supervision, uses the same materials, the same machinery and the same processes, and produces the same excellent lamps as do the home factories of the parent company.

FROM ALL ELECTRICAL DEALERS

Distributors—Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

Would you drink unfiltered water from a creek?

Then why contaminate your food and drink supply by storing them with ice taken from filthy creeks and ponds?

USE ONLY PURE MACHINE-MADE ICE

Delivered free anywhere in the Settlements at 2½ cents (Mex.) per lb.

Shanghai Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.

Edward Ezra Building, 24 Nanking Road
Tel.: Cent. 662/63; after office hours, N. 663

HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.

14, Nanking Road

THE RAINY SEASON is coming, Ladies!

Just received

LADIES' TRANSPARENT OIL-SKIN RAINCOATS

in all sizes and latest colours
PRICE, $23.50 EACH

SOU'-WESTERS to match
PRICE, $3.50 EACH

OIL-SKIN COATS
IN
All Sizes
FOR
Boys and Girls
Different Colours
PRICE, $14.75 EACH

HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.

Phone, Central 42: Private Exchange

Are you one of them?

TO-DAY, as they have done since 1679, Haig & Haig supply fine whisky. The famous "Five Stars" brand is sought after by cultured people because of its rare and delicate quality and—its scarcity!

Are you one of them?

In all good clubs and cultured homes, for private and social hospitality, for comfort and refreshment, men call for this finest age-mellowed Scots whisky.

Are you one of them?

Draw the cork and Haig & Haig Five Stars Scots Whisky will sing its own praises.

Haig & Haig Five Stars Scots Whisky

Place your orders in advance and make as sure as you can of getting me.

DISTRIBUTING AGENT—
GANDE, PRICE & Co., Shanghai

"The Three Castles"
Virginia Cigarettes

MAGNUMS

Better because larger.

The tobacco in the Magnums is the same bright Virginia tobacco found in regular Three Castles.

The difference in size makes the Magnums a fuller, richer cigarette while retaining all the mild flavor of the smaller cigarette.

Guaranteed
Manufactured in
England.

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China), Ltd.

All Chinese Shops Remain Closed With No Sign Of End Of Strike

(Continued from Page 1)

commercial organisations, and the combined Federation of the Commercial, Educational, Labor and Journalistic societies issued explanations of their stand to their foreign friends, proclaiming their determination to hold out until they gained their point and asking sympathy and understanding of their motives.

Make Demands On P-king

At the same time the organisations kept up their fusillade of demands on the Peking Government for the removal of the officials charged with betraying the country and at a meeting of the combined societies at the Chinese Chamber of Commerce yesterday afternoon an ultimatum was directed at the capital which declared that unless the offending parties were removed in three days payment of taxes would cease.

Shanghai awoke yesterday morning a city of apparent inactivity, so far as the Chinese establishments were concerned. Shutters remained sealed over the shop fronts, the markets were desolate, hawkers were few and far between. Shop doors were open to be sure and evidences of industry drifted out from within the carpenter, smith and other handicraft centers. But in the ordinary sense of the word business was dead. Shopkeepers, their assistants and families gathered before their places of business and the crowds began early to swell along the principal streets.

Morning also found the city lavishly aplaster with boycott and strike posters while banners floated from nearly every house or store. The agitators during the night and morning had discovered the closed shopfronts to be admirable billboards and the number of dodgers which had been stuck up was amazing.

Early in the day the authorities began to take steps toward averting trouble. The S.V.C. was ordered to be mobilised at 2 o'clock. Special Constables were informed that they would go on duty in the evening in three three-hour shifts, starting at 6 o'clock. Extra Sikh detachments were detailed to Louza and Central police stations and Specials, too, were concentrated on these two posts. In the French Concession the Consul-General ordered the French Volunteers to stand by, while the men of the various foreign men-of-war in port were in most cases held aboard ship. Municipal motor trucks were sent to Louza and Hongkew stations to be ready to give rapid transport to Volunteers after they had gone on duty should occasion arise.

The mobilisation headquarters of the Corps was the Town Hall, the various units, however, assembling at 2 o'clock at their mobilisation stations. They were assigned posts as follows: "A" Company, Central and Louza: American Company, Hongkew station: Portuguese and Japanese Companies, Hongkew District: Engineers, Central; Light Horse, assigned to Nanking Road patrol.

Police Efforts Fail

Orders had been given to remove all signs, posters and banners. Police sergeants and details of the S.V.C. were sent out from all stations to carry out the order but they were unsuccessful, particularly in Louza and Central Districts.

The detail from Louza started at Thibet Road and worked down Nanking Road. Proprietors of shops refused to open their doors when requested by the Chinese detectives accompanying the details and were afraid to pull down their banners because of possible anger of the mobs.

In many cases the police sergeant hauled in the banners while the coolies accompanying the squad washed off posters, volunteers standing by to prevent trouble. As soon as the party was three doors away, out came the flags which had been removed. The return of the banners brought cheers and applause from the throngs watching the police and volunteers at work.

The same methods were pursued in the Central District and met with the same degree of success. After working all the afternoon removing banners and posters, the labor amounted to little for when reserves were called to Foochow and Hoopeh Roads because of trouble there, proprietors of shops and their assistants religiously restored the banners, signs and posters.

Trucks Are Sent Out

Late in the afternoon electric light trucks were sent out to tear down the flags. One from Central Station, under command of Sergeants Ginnane and Jones manned by Sikhs and volunteers made two trips around the Central District and hundreds of flags were pulled down. While on the second trip the truck was stalled at the corner of Fukien and Foochow Roads and it was soon surrounded. Some Chinese kow-towed and jeered, others urged the chauffeur to desert his post. The bolder ones braved the policemen's clubs and tore the chauffeur's clothes to ribbons in attempting to pull him from his seat. Hardware, knives and stones were hurled at the police on the truck from windows of nearby teahouses while students in the street pleaded with those in the windows not to use violent tactics. Timely interference by police and volunteers saved the situation. The police drove the crowd west on Foochow Road. Sergeant Ginnane was hit on the head and stones bruised Sergeant Jones' arms.

Soon afterwards another mob attacked Mr. H. Schultz, District Inspector of the Public Works Department. Mr. Schultz was examining a water main on Foochow Road above the Parsee Garden when he was surrounded. Mr. V. Elliott, a newspaper man, attempted to rescue him and both Messrs. Schultz and Elliott were more or less injured. They fought off the crowd until volunteers wormed their way through and with fixed bayonets, made the way clear for the two foreigners.

Mr. Burkill Is Stoned

While on his way to the trouble, Mr. A. W. Burkill, a member of the Light Horse, was stoned. Mr. Burkill was riding along Hoopeh Road toward Foochow Road when the crowd threw stones.

He galloped through the crowd to safety although he was struck several times on the body. Other members of the Light Horse, some 60 men of "A" Company, British, and a squad of reserves sent out when the request for assistance was received at Louza, charged the crowd, the Light Horse leading, "A" Company men with fixed bayonets following, and Sikh and foreign policemen bringing up the rear.

On down Foochow Road they drove the thousands and into Hoopeh Road. More police joined at the corner and the crowds were pushed along Hoopeh Road as far as Kiukiang Road.

In the melee, one Chinese sustained a bad cut at the base of the head, another was knocked unconscious when his head hit the pavement, many more were trampled upon for when one fell and others tripped over him, the police did not stop.

Two Are Arrested

Two were arrested and taken to Louza Station. One of those arrested was injured. The arrested men are Po Vum-ping, an accountant employed in the Chinese City, and Chu Chung-pi, a Foochow Road tailor. Charges will be lodged against Po by Mr. Burkill.

A baton charge was necessary to clear Hoopeh Road, south of Foochow Road shortly after six o'clock, 15 minutes after the trouble near the Parsee Gardens. For a time the situation was a very difficult one for the police and Volunteers as the Chinese had absolutely no fear of bayonets.

When members of "A" Company who were guarding one of the arrested men were obliged to level their bayonets to stem the rush of an oncoming crowd, Chinese, almost to a man, bared their breasts, beat them and invited the thrusts. The batons of the Sikhs were the most effective in holding the crowds.

The two men who were arrested were taken to the Louza Station under a heavy guard and the crowd which followed was kept at a safe distance. Heavy guards are on duty at the entrance to the Station to prevent any trouble.

Little Trouble Last Night

There was little trouble in Louza last night with strong patrols of Volunteers, regular police and Special Constables patroling the main arteries of traffic and all side streets leading into Nanking Road.

A mob attacked a Japanese riding in a riesha along Chekiang Road. He had evidently arrived in Shanghai on the ten o'clock train and knew nothing about the trouble. He was thrown from his riesha when within a stone's throw of Nanking Road and was badly beaten before he was rescued by special constables on duty. The man was taken to the Louza station and afterward sent to the hospital in the Chinese Red Cross ambulance. His face was badly lacerated and his body was a mass of bruises.

A Chinese from the North, mistaken by the crowd for a Japanese, was set upon and injured on Chekiang Road shortly after. He, too, was taken to the Louza Station under police escort. His wounds dressed by physicians on duty with the Red Cross ambulance kept at the station for emergency cases and he was then allowed to go home.

Chekiang Road was the only troublesome thoroughfare in the evening and time and again Louza Station reserves were called to clear the street. The biggest brush came at 11:30 o'clock after a patrol of special constables had been showered with bricks, stones and water from the windows of the Great Eastern Hotel and the Sincere Company Store. The men were walking between the two buildings when they were made targets for all sorts of missiles.

Police whistles brought Specials, Sikh troopers, foreigners and Sikh patrolmen from Louza Station on the run. They cleared the alleyway and then drove the mob down Chekiang Road clear to Chefoo Road. Counter-marching, the big detail, augmented by a detachment of "B" Company called from the Town Hall, swept across Nanking Road and South along Chekiang Road.

Details of the infantry unit and additional Sikhs were then posted to prevent further trouble.

One Chinese was badly injured in the mixup and was sent to the hospital in the ambulance.

Detective Inspectors A. Eek and J. Sullivan, aided by several students who admirably retained their heads, saved the life of a Chinese attacked by a crowd on Fokien Road near Pakhoi Road shortly before ten o'clock. It was another case of mistaking a Chinese dressed in foreign clothes for a Japanese.

Detective Inspector Eek drew his automatic and held the crowd back while Detective Inspector Sullivan stopped a passing tram. The students stood over the Chinese and shouted, "he is our friend."

The man was placed aboard the tram car and the policemen held the crowd back while it went along Fokien Road.

According to a telegram received by the Students' Union at Shanghai from the Students' Union of Nanking last night, Nanking shops closed their doors for business yesterday.

Bodies Explain Stand

The following statement was issued yesterday by the Federation of Commercial, Educational and Labor Organisations and the Chinese Press of Shanghai to its foreign friends:

"Having observed that the Peking Government in recent years has disregarded public opinion, injured the integrity of China, blocking the progress of the people and endangering the peace of the Far East, we, the Chinese business men, educationalists, labor leaders and the journalists of Shanghai have occasionally petitioned for its change of policy, to cancel all the improper treaties and to punish those officials who are responsible for the mismanagement of the governmental affairs.

"Unfortunately the Government ignored all our sincere petitions and in this national crisis still continues to suppress the people, to deprive them of the freedom of speech, to forbid their public meetings and to harass and arrest those who take part in patriotic demonstrations. On the other hand, it shields those officials who are responsible for the treacherous deals. We, therefore, regard all these actions of the Government as intentional in ignoring the will of the people.

"Beginning from yesterday, we, business men, educationalists, labor leaders and journalists of Shanghai, went on strike as passive resistance against the Government and to express our opposition to its illegal acts. In this way, we hope it will be awakened to the danger of ignoring public will.

"Should the Peking Government still disregard our pleadings we will go a step further and adopt more drastic steps. However, our action will be peaceful. Our demonstrations will be purely patriotic in nature and will not in any way injure the interest of the foreigners residing in China.

"We, as representatives of the commercial, educational, labor and journalistic organisations in Shanghai, hope we have succeeded in this short message in explaining the object of our strike to our foreign friends with the hope of enlisting their moral support to our just and righteous cause in the salvation of our country.

"The Federation of the Commercial, Educational, Labor Organisations and the Chinese Press of Shanghai."

Advice to shopkeepers to reopen their establishments was contained in an order by the Municipal Council. The order warned that distribution of handbills or exhibition of flags inciting to disorder was strictly prohibited and urged the populace to give no credence to inflammatory rumors, notifying, moreover, that the assembling of crowds in the streets would not be permitted.

The explanatory announcement issued and distributed by the Shanghai Commercial Federation was as follows:

"To our foreign friends: The demonstrations of students and merchants throughout the country are particularly aimed at the solution of our own internal political questions.

"We, both commercial and educational circles, will never cease to demonstrate until our government grants what has been asked by the people of the whole country. In the meantime we are doing our utmost to preserve peace and order.

"We trust our foreign friends will understand our patriotic motive and be in sympathy with us."

Tram Strike Threatened

Crowds assembled in front of the French Tramways carbarns at Lokawei yesterday morning and attempted to call a strike of all motormen and conductors. It was an hour before French and Annamite police dispersed the crowds so that the cars could leave the barns.

Nanking Shops Also Close

The only disorder in Hongkew occurred early last evening when a Japanese amah was attacked by roughs in Hanbury Road. She was rescued before she had been seriously hurt and her assailants scattered.

Ningpo Shuts Up Shop

According to a telegram received by the local Ningpo Guild last night from the Sze Ming Pao, a Chinese newspaper published in the Chekiang city, Ningpo shopkeepers went on strike and closed their doors yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Big crowds of students thronged the main thoroughfares and made peaceful demonstrations. No disturbance was reported; and the police refrained from interferring.

Ire Of Peking Students Aroused Anew By Manifesto

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 3.—The anti-Japanese excitement in Peking had considerably diminished on Sunday when the manifesto dealing with Shantung and whitewashing Messrs. Tsao-Ju-lin and Chang Tsung-hsiang was issued and revived the still smoldering fires of antagonism. The very mention of these two names in student circles invariably arouses excitement, and the ignoring by the mandate of the Chinese Minister of Foreign Affairs, references to the negotiations concerning the neutral area in which the Japanese troops operated while attacking Tsingtau, and the free bestowal of praise on the two pro-Japanese diplomats promptly united the students in a fresh effort that led to demonstrations at the capital this morning.

About forty students, all wearing the badge of "dare to die," began lecturing in Morrison Street on the Shantung question. The police arrested upwards of thirty and took them to the police headquarters. General Wu Ping-hsiang, however, promptly sent them back to the schools, colleges and universities where they belonged.

It is understood that the matter has again been referred to the Ministry of Education, which is thus being asked to explain the result of the manifesto, a result that was a foregone conclusion; for the students are very earnest. Any attempt to prove Messrs. Tsao and Chang to be in the right and them in the wrong could but lead to further trouble.

Two representatives of the Peace Association called on the President this morning and were interviewed by Mr. Wu Chih-sun. They urged that the Shanghai Peace Conference should be resumed at once.

In official circles it is stated that the question of the Parliament offers no prospect of compromise, neither North nor South being willing to admit any justice in the opposition contention. Other questions may be solved, but this one appears hopeless of settlement.

Notes Of Strike

The closing of the markets yesterday and the stoppage in the killing of fresh meat in the slaughterhouses found many boarding houses and hostelries facing a meat famine. Hurried skirmishing around and the securing of live beeves and mutton which were arranged to be slaughtered on private premises relieved the situation for many, however. The principal Shanghai hotels took warning in time and stocked up heavily early on Thursday in the event that the strike is protracted over a long period. The Shanghai Hotels Co., owners of the Astor House and Palace Hotels, announce that their stocks are sufficient to carry them over a strike of a hundred days if necessary, large stocks of meats and vegetables having been secured and placed in the refrigerating rooms. Then too, a large proportion of their meats come from Tsingtau, from which port shipments are not expected to be interrupted. All hotels and restaurants, however, face the prospect of having to use smoked, canned or dried fish, owing to the fact that shipments of fresh sea food are no longer coming from Ningpo.

Many students paraded the streets yesterday with their arms decorated with slogans in Chinese. Others wore sashes on which were written cautions in Chinese and last night carriages full of youths drove down the Maloo displaying banners calling on all to preserve order, while characters painted in black on their white jackets carried similar injunctions.

One enthusiastic lady boycotter was found yesterday armed with an ugly pair of shears, with edges sharp as a razor. Sergeant Sullivan of Central Station, was slightly cut about the hands while taking the shears from the girl. She was taken to the station and later released.

Movie men were out taking pictures of the mobs on the streets yesterday afternoon. The moving picture machine was mounted on an automobile and happenings on Nanking, Chekiang, Foochow and other roads were filmed.

After the rioting at Foochow and Hoopeh Roads over 100 shoes were picked up. They were lost when the mobs fled before the charging police and volunteers.

Captain Superintendent K. J. McEuen, Major A. H. Hilton-Johnson, Captain E. I. M. Barrett, Assistant Superintendents Springfield and Beattie and Detective Officer Armstrong were at Louza Station until after midnight. President E. C. Pearce of the Municipal Council visited the district about 11:30 accompanied by Mr. H. A. J. Macray of the Watch Committee. Mr. Macray, while acting as a Special Constable, sustained a dislocated finger in the mixup at Chekiang Road on Thursday night.

A Soochow Chinese was stopped at the corner of Chekiang and Nanking Roads early last evening. His walking stick looked suspicious to Special Constable Norman. When it was taken away, it was found to be made of steel and weighed 14 or 15 pounds. On the stick was written in Chinese, "Oh, stick, do your duty by your country."

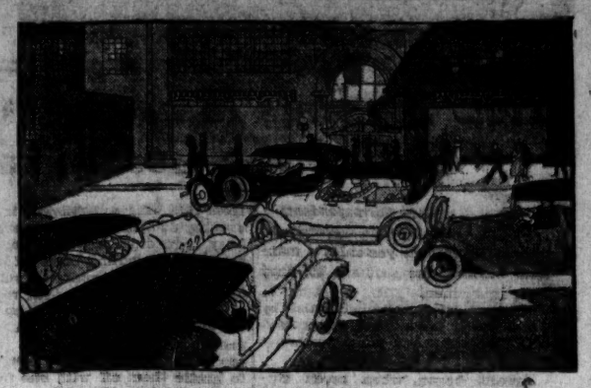
The young man explained that he had never been in the Settlement before and realised that "Shanghai belong very dangerous place."

The telegram from Peking announcing that the arrested students there had been released was not credited by Chinese here yesterday. No confirmation was received at the Foreign Office.

Special Constables on duty last night wore sun helmets instead of caps because of the vulnerability of the latter to stones.

The strike of the slaughterhouse men is causing lots of embarrasment. Yesterday morning a Chinese was brought to Louza Station on the complaint that he had killed a pig in his back yard. This was not only an infringement of regulations but the animal's dying squeals had irritated the neighbors. The sergeant demanded an explanation. "The pig was ill," said the arrested one. "He was suffering; the butchers are on strike, so I had to kill him myself. And I couldn't do it in the house."

The sign eradicating and flag gathering details sent out yesterday afternoon, as mentioned, had indifferent luck. Posters and banners appeared again about as fast as they were scrubbed off or pulled down and a new poster made its appearanace. The burden of its legend was "The more you tear, the more we post." Thus it became a question of whether the endurance of the squads or the paper supply would give out first.



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LOOK for this mark on the hood; it means economy and service to the buyer, the direct guarantee from the factory to replace with new material at any time as long as the motor car lasts. Guaranteed against heat, cold or rain, absolutely waterproof, gives the finish to a hood and improves the appearance of the entire motor car. Every yard of "Neverleek" is stamped "Guaranteed by the maker."

For Sale by Good Dealers Everywhere.
Correspondence solicited from the wholesale trade.

F. S. Carr Company **Boston, Mass., U. S. A.**

The Chinese Benevolent Association
271-6 Boulevard des Deux Republiques

Benevolent Fund Ticket

First Prize $50,000.00

Issued under the authorisation of the Government of the Republic of China on the 7th July, 1918.

To be drawn among 40,000 successive numbers in full view of the public in Shanghai, China, on the 8th June, 1919.

One tenth of each ticket will be sold at $0.50, the proceeds of which after payment of prizes, charges, etc., will be divided between the Famine Relief Fund and the Benevolent Institutions. The Association reserves to itself the right to allocate the proceeds to the above objects; if any of the tickets are unsold on date of drawing, proportional reduction in the allocation will be made.

Price for Whole Tickets: $5.00

Tickets may be obtained from all dealers.

All prizes won locally will be given at The Chinese Bevevolent Association (271-6, Boulevard des Deux Republiques, Shanghai): if abroad, will be paid at the Branch Offices of The Bank of China elsewhere.

The Chinese Benevolent Association

23630

Your Health Comes First

Good Health is your most valuable asset;—its preservation should, therefore, receive your most careful consideration. An important point which should always be borne in mind is the fact that a great many forms of ill-health can be traced, directly or indirectly, to disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. It is wise, therefore, to keep these organs in healthy activity. When they show any signs of derangement let that reliable medicine, Beecham's Pills, be taken at once. Always deal with digestive ailments in time. They are far-reaching in their possibilities of mischief if neglected, as they too often are. And yet it is generally easy to keep fit and well and free from many debilitating ailments by the simple use of

Beecham's Pills

Sold everywhere in boxes, price 1/1½ (56 pills) & 2/9 (168 pills).

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SAMAR PLAYS TODAY; WILMINGTON TOMORROW

Gunboat Teams To Oppose Shanghai In Week-end Games; To Start At Four O'clock

The U. S. S. Samar nine will oppose Shanghai this afternoon at the Race Course and the Wilmington team is the attraction announced for tomorrow afternoon. Both games are carded to start at four o'clock.

The locals are liable to be handicapped this afternoon as several players are members of the American Company. If the Company is on duty this afternoon, both Bradley and Porterfield will be unable to play. This will mean that Gill will pitch to Cy Wilhoit, Bristow or Riddick.

Public School League

The Blue Seconds of the Shanghai Public School indoor baseball league beat the Blue Seconds in a slugging match yesterday by the score of 29 to 21. The game was featured by heavy hitting.

Haimovitch and Nobiston of the losing team contributed some sparkling plays in the field.

The Blues early took the lead but the Greens piled up a total of 16 runs in the sixth and seventh innings.

The score:

Innings ...	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Runs
Blues	2	7	1	3	2	0	2	3	1	—21
Greens ...	3	1	6	1	2	7	9	0	x	—29

Batteries:
Blues—Joseph and Green.
Greens—Katz and Kabelitz.
Umpire—Glauque. Scorer—Mahon.

Lawn Bowls

The first round of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club's "Rink" Championship will be played off this afternoon, commencing at 4:30 o'clock. Following is the draw:

Rink No. 1.

R. Simmons (Skip)	v.	A. W. McCallum (Skip)
G. L. Campbell		J. Munro
E. C. Emmett		F. J. Norbury
J. R. Kinghorn		S. M. S. Gubbay

Rink No. 2.

W. N. C. Allen (Skip)	v.	A. Samson (Skip)
H. G. Manwaring		F. Grundy
Major Trueman		Dr. Merrins
W. B. Pitt		P. M. Scott

Rink No. 3.

J. Park (Skip)	v.	J. C. Macdougall (Skip)
A. G. Mossop		R. J. Bowerman
A. W. Starling		L. W. C. Lorden
J. S. McGavin		J. D. Gordon

Rink No. 4.

W. Cater (Skip)	v.	Albert Taylor (Skip)
A. J. Stokes		J. J. Sheridan
A. Habecost		Capt. Butland
J. Frost		F. Large

Rink No. 5.

A. D. Bell (Skip)	v.	J. T. Disselduff (Skip)
J. D. Gaines		J. Valentine
E. J. Oakshott		Dr. H. Rees
W. A. Ogden		J. Buckley

Rink No. 6.

F. L. Marshall (Skip)	v.	C. M. Bain (Skip)
Capt. J. Dewar		E. Payne
C. P. Dawson		J. B. Grant
C. W. Marshall		F. A. Sampson

The match between the Lawn Bowls Club and all Shanghai which was to have been played tomorrow has had to be cancelled but a friendly game will be played between rinks selected from the combined clubs. Play will commence at 4:30 p.m.

Grand Parade Winner Of Derby In London

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 4.—The Derby was run today with the following result:

Grand Parade (Templeman)... 1
Buchan (Brennan) 2
Paper Money (Donoghue) 3

Thirteen ran: Won by half-a-length: two lengths between second and third.

Betting:
33 to 1 against Grand Parade
7 to 1 against Buchan
7 to 1 against Paper Money

Place betting: Proportionate odds against Grand Parade; Evens Buchan, Evens Paper Money.

Cricket

Today's cricket schedule includes two matches, which may or may not be played, according as the strike situation affects the availability of players.

The Shanghai Cricket Club first XI is carded to meet the Recreation Club at 2:30 p.m., on the former's ground, the S.C.C. team being as follows: W. C. G. Clifford, S. J. Deeks, W. N. Hansell, Dr. H. H. Morris, W. H. Moule, H. Middleton, E. W. Stagg, R. Grimshaw, W. S. Read, E. G. B. Leyer and E. I. M. Barrett (Capt.). Reserves—E. G. Tait and J. M. Pearson.

The Parsee Cricket Club team is slated to play the S. M. Police on the grounds of the latter at 2:30. The team selected to represent the Parsees is as follows: E. D. Daml, M. H. Kavarana, B. S. Khambatta, R. H. Ragi (Captain), K. C. Sarkari, C. B Sethna, J. H. Shroff, R. Shroff, S. Shroff, B. D. Tata, R. Vicajee. Reserves—M. C. Charna and H. Eduljee.

Kiangwan Races Today

An eight-event program will be run off at Kiangwan this afternoon for the first day of the International Recreation Club's 55th race meeting. The first saddling bell rings at 3 p.m. and special trains will be run from Shanghai North station at 2:10, 2:25 and 2:40 p.m. Following is the program of races:

1.—The Flying Plate.
2.—The Deal Selling Plate.
3.—The Hardwicke Stakes.
4.—The Holiday Plate.
5.—The June Plate.
6.—The City Selling Plate.
7.—TheMidsummer Plate.
8.—The Atlantic Stakes.

LADIES DOUBLES MATCH

In the final of the Ladies' Doubles Championship, played at the French Club Thursday evening, Mrs. Elmore and Miss Petersen defeated Mrs. Farbridge and Mrs. Brauns by two sets to none—6-1, 6-3.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 30.—Cricket: Cambridge University beat the Army by ten wickets.

Oxford University vs. the Australians was drawn.

Bolshevist Currency Rejected By Afghans

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Simla, June 3.—Reuter's special correspondent wires:

The Afghan traders absolutely decline to accept Bolshevik notes and hundred-rouble notes have now fallen to eighteen rupees while Indian notes are cashable at their par value.

PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN
anywhere, any place, any time.
Have some views of your home or office taken
Burr 2 Broadway

AFGHAH FORCES FLEE BEFORE RELIEF TROOPS

Important Part Is Played By Aeroplanes In Operations Against Thal

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Simla June 3.—Reuter's special correspondent states regarding the relief of Thal that the Afghans retreated before the relief column appeared. The retirement of all the Afghans in the Kurram Valley is expected.

Aeroplanes played an important part in the relief operations at Waziri lashkar in the Toochi Valley has been attacked from Miraneham and suffered heavy losses.

Centers Are Quiet

London, May 29.—The India Office announces that for some weeks the centers of the recent disturbances have been quiet.

Three tribunals are sitting in the Punjab for the trial of persons connected with the riots, each including two experienced judicial officers. At present eight persons have been sentenced to death and executed.

The action taken restored order in the Punjab and the Raj was considering the withdrawal of martial law in the five proclaimed districts there.

There has been no indication of sympathy with the Afghan aggression; which has had the effect of rallying all the martial and rural classes of the Punjab to the side of the Government.

Army And Police Loyal

The Indian army and police have remained absolutely staunch throughout the troubles and, except for a few disorderly elements, the Punjab villagers have not been affected by the "Sayagraha" movement, which had been largely discredited, especially in Northern India, on account of its violent character. Gandhi's attempt to revive the "day of mourning" and to close the shops in Bombay has not succeeded.

Bengal, Madras, Bihar and Orissa, Assam, the United Provinces and the Central Provinces remain perfectly tranquil.

PROGRAM TO BE GIVEN FOR BLINDED CHINESE

Variety Entertainment To Be Presented At Olympic Theater This Afternoon

A variety entertainment will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Olympic Theater for the benefit of the Institution for the Chinese Blind. The entertainment is the second of the annual exhibitions given by the pupils of the institution and assisted by some of the best local talent. A number of tickets can still be had at the ticket office of the theater.

The complete program of the entertainment follows:

Chinese Song ..... School
National Spirit
Dumb-bell Race ..... School
Farmer Song ..... Juniors
Moth Dance ..... McTyiere School
Recitation ..... Lah Bao-sung
Violin Solo ..... Miss Jansen
Serenade D'Ambrosis
English Song ..... School
Nancy Lee
Cinema Film and Lantern Slides
Conjuring and Ventriloquism
Mr. Edwin A. Dearn
Song ..... Myra Bancroft Olive
Four Indian Love Lyrics .....A. W. Finden
A. The Temple Bells
B. Less Than The Dust
C. Kashmiri Song
D. Till I Wake
Folk Dance ..... Juniors
Song ..... St. John's University Glee Club
Dumb-bell Drill ..... School
Piano Solo .... Professor Harry Ore
Rhapsody No. 14 ..... Liszt
Song ..... Myra Bancroft Olive
Over Hill, Over Dale .... T. Cook
Pyramid Building ..... School

News Brevities

Second Lieut. Edward J. Carroll of the Royal Engineers, who has been connected with the Shanghai Tramways for the past eleven and a half years as traffic manager and is widely known here, leaves today for Vladivostok as a member of the British Railway Mission.

* * *

The Journal of the British Chamber of Commerce will be issued today.

* * *

The annual general meeting of the Engineering Society of China will be held at the Royal Asiatic Society's rooms, 5 Museum Road, at 5:15 o'clock of the afternoon of June 24. Reports will be presented and officers elected.

* * *

William Golding, of the China and Java Expopt Co., wishes it stated that he is not in any way connected or related to the F. W. Golding who appeared this week in the British Police Court charged with attempting to shoot the manager of the Astor Grill.

* * *

At a meeting of the Far Eastern American Bar Association in the United States Court Room yesterday Dr. Eldon R. James, American Adviser to the Siamese Government, and Mr. Paul F. Faison of the Philippine Bar, now in the American Consular Service at Canton, were elected to membership and action was taken regarding several matters of special interest to the local members.

CAN YOU DANCE?
Advertiser, gentleman, gives dancing lessons. Latest ballroom dances. For particulars, apply to Box 287, THE CHINA PRESS.
23906

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

The Effects of Opiates.

THAT INFANTS are peculiarly susceptible to opium and its various preparations, all of which are narcotic, is well known. Even in the smallest doses, if continued, these opiates cause changes in the functions and growth of the cells, which are likely to become permanent, causing imbecility, mental perversion, a craving for alcohol or narcotics in later life. Nervous diseases, such as intractable nervous dyspepsia and lack of staying powers, are a result of dosing with opiates or narcotics to keep children quiet in their infancy. The rule among physicians is that children should never receive opiates in the smallest doses for more than a day at a time, and only then if unavoidable.

The administration of Anodynes, Drops, Cordials, Soothing Syrups and other narcotics to children by any but a physician cannot be too strongly decried, and the druggist should not be a party to it. Children who are ill need the attention of a physician, and it is nothing less than a crime to dose them willfully with narcotics. Castoria contains no narcotics if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The signature of Chas. H. Fletcher guarantees genuine Castoria

Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"Your preparation known as Castoria I have used for years in children's complaints and I have found nothing better."
JOHN J. LEPPA, M. D., Cleveland, Ohio.

"I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."
A. F. PEELER, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

"For several years I recommended your 'Castoria' and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., New York City.

"I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild, laxative effect and freedom from harm."
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"Your Castor. is a meritorious household remedy. It is purely vegetable and acts as a mild cathartic. Above all, it does no harm, which is more than can be said of the great majority of children's remedies."
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Pure full-cream milk, enriched with choice malted barley and wheat in powder form. Keeps indefinitely.
THE FOOD DRINK FOR ALL AGES.

A refreshing and sustaining beverage, ready in an instant by the addition of hot or cold water only. No cooking. Nourishing and convenient.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.
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Empress of Asia . . . . . 14 June
Empress of Japan . . . . . 27 June
Empress of Russia . . . . 12 July
Monteagle . . . . . 25 July
Empress of Asia . . . . . 9 August
SHANGHAI TO HONGKONG
EMPRESS of JAPAN - - - - - - - - JUNE 16
EMPRESS of RUSSIA - - via Manila - - JUNE 27
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Lighting advice and plans on requests.
B W L
4-19

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminister and Parrs Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ilollo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.
Maiphong	New York	Tavoy (Lower
Hankow	Peking	Burma)
Honskong	Penang	Tientsin
	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve ..... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankuk	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoote	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specia, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer Esq., Chairman.
E. V. D. Parr Esq., Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
G. T. M. Edkins Esq.
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
W. L. Pattenden Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Ilollo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminister and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kug. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..	2,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Sciete Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-	Harbin	Peking
chendze)	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen	Newchwang	Vladivostock
(Dalny)		Yokohama

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

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Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

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The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

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Paid-Up Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Central 2650
General Office: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
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Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Y according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

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Credit grant on approved securities.

Savings Accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIH, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .. $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund $1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,933.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

行 業 華 中 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Offices: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital $5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Changchun	Changteh
Antung	Chengchow
Kiukiang	

Tsinkiangpu

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London: International Banking Corporation.
New York: International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco: International Banking Corporation.
Boston: American Express Company.
Tokio: Bank of Chosen.
Kobe: Bank of Chosen.
Osaka: Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama: Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
8.441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
[illegible] H. E. HAR, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus ...U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits .U.S. $2,563,000.00

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.
London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with. *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio, de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso, Vladivostock.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H, C, GULLAND, Manager,
1a, Kiukiang Road.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid) H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ..... H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	San Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

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35 Szechuen Road.

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H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 25,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	London	Shanghai
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tokio
Hongkong	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtau
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Valdivostock
Kobe	S. Francisco	

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

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Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana
Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.
EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and an Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C, T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, NINGPO ROAD

Capital (Paid-up)..... $600,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... $ 15,000.00
Deposits (Dec., 1918).. $3,400,000.00

Accounts carried in dollars, taels or foreign currencies.
Banking by Mail.
Credit granted on approved securities.
Drafts, both domestic and foreign, purchased or sold.
Exchange of dollars, taels and foreign currencies.
Pocket Savings Bank for saving small coins.
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES for rent.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £6,833,333)
Rseerve Fund—
Guilders 12,760,386 (about £1,063,357)
Head Office:. AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Medan	Singapore
Bandoeng	Padang	Soerabaya
Cheribon	Palembang	Soerakarta
Djember	Pekalongan	Tebing-Tinggi
Djokjakarta	Penang	Tegal
Hongkong	Pontianak	Telok-Beton
Kota-Radja	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Langsa	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-Up Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund £431,890
Special Reserve Fund £120,000

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin, Rotterdam.
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS.
Manager.

Resources: Pesos 248,000,000

Philippine National Bank

No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephone: Central 2741

Head Office: MANILA

BRANCHES:
37 Broadway, New York, and throughout the Philippines.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

CHECKING AND SAVING ACCOUNTS: FIXED DEPOSIT
Exchange Bought and Sold
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit
Travellers' Checks

Banking Service with AMERICA —direct and personal

EXPORTERS or importers now engaged in, or thinking of, trade with America would do well to consider not only the special nature of our facilities, but also the personal interest we take in every one of our customers' transactions.

First of all, we offer *direct* banking service—without intermediary dealings, or unnecessary delays.

Equally important is our *personal* service. Every transaction is followed through, both here and in America, by our own representatives with a personal interest, the value of which is evident in the service rendered.

May we talk with you about America?

Central Office in the Far East:

Shanghai

Other branches in
HANKOW—PEKING—TIENTSIN

Asia Banking Corporation

New York

CAPITAL U.S. $2,000.000 SURPLUS U.S. $500,000

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers Trust Company, New York City
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market as compiled on June 3, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	„	16-20
Pork	„	25-30
Veal	„	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	14-16
Cod	„	14-16
Mandarin	„	20-30
Mackerel	„	14-16
Pomfret	„	14-16
Salmon	„	none
Samli	„	25-30
Soles	„	14-16
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	„	50-80
Eggs	per doz.	14-18
Fowl	per lb.	22-25
Geese	each	50-90
Pigeons	„	18-20
Quail	„	20-22
Snipe	„	14-16
Teal	„	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	50-55
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	10-12
Apples	„	none
Bananas	„	10-12
Lemons	each	6-7
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	10-15
Oranges	per doz.	$1.50
Peaches	per lb.	6-8
Pears	„	10-12
Persimmons	„	none
Peeboes	„	8-10
Plums	„	8-10
Pumeloes	each	none
Pineapples	„	10-12
Strawberries	per lb.	10-12
Walnuts	„	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Broad Beans	per lb.	2-3
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	10-15
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	none
French Beans	„	5-6
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	1.00
Onions	per bunch	2-3
Parsnips	„	3-4
Peas	per lb.	5-6
Potatoes	per picul	$2.00-$2.40
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	2-3
Tomatoes	„	15-20
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	——
Flour Australian	„	$4.25
Flour Shanghai	„	$2.15
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$6.80
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	„	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.50
Bran	„	$2.20
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal	per ton	Tls. 23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Business and Official - - Notices - -

(Second Section)

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid | Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, JUNE 7, 1919

Municipal Notification

No. 2624.

(TRANSLATION)

Taking advantage of the campaign to secure the Boycott of Japanese goods, agitators and disorderly persons, who have no concern for the welfare of China, or of the residents of this Settlement, are endeavouring to foment trouble to suit their own ends preying upon peaceful merchants and residents.

It has therefore become necessary for the Council to take drastic action to preserve the peace and good order of the Settlement and to protect peaceful residents and merchants from the violence of such disorderly persons.

Warning is accordingly given:

1.—That the distribution of handbills of an inflamatory character and the exhibition of flags bearing characters which furnish a direct incitement to disorder, are prohibited. Contravention of this prohibition will be punished without the least leniency.

2.—That no credence should be given to rumours which are designed to stir up animosity and foment trouble. Several such rumours have been brought to the notice of the Council and upon investigation, have been found to be utterly baseless. The authors of, and those spreading such rumours will, upon detection, be punished without the least leniency.

3.—That the assembling of crowds in the streets of the Settlement will not be permitted. Those who have no legitimate business to attend to should not loiter on the streets or mix with the agitators and loafers who are bent on provoking trouble. During the evenings all peaceful residents should remain at Home. The Council will not be responsible for any injury or damage that may be sustained by any person contravening this order and advice.

Shopkeepers and merchants are advised to re-open to public business and in case of any intimidation to enforce the closing of their shops or places of business to report the same immediately to the nearest Police Station with a statement of the circumstances in detail, whereupon their assailants will be arrested and brought before the Court and severely punished without the least leniency.

Warning is duly given. Let all obey.

By Order

N. O. LIDDELL,

Secretary.

Council Rooms,
Shanghai, June 6, 1919.

23925

Sewing Machine Needles
per dozen $0.40
Sewing Machine Oils
per 3 oz. bot. $0.20
for sale at
Liengyi Mercantile Co.
Sewing Machine Dept.
Szechuen and Soochow Rds.

23920

SUMMER HOLIDAYS

Shanghai to Mokanshan via S.H.N.R. in 12½ Hours

BOOKING: Through tickets, single and return, including rail, launch and sedan chair may be booked from Shanghai North and Shanghai South Stations to Mokanshan on and from the 15th June until 15th September, 1919.

Passengers from other Stations may book rail tickets to Konzenchiao, where launch and sedan chair ticket can be obtained for Mokanshan.

DATE OF AVAILABILITY: single journey tickets will be available for two days; and return tickets up to 15th September, 1919.

FARES: Train fare plus $5.00 each adult and $3.50 each child under 12 years old for launch and chair charges.

Outward trains leave Shanghai North at 7.35 a.m., Shanghai South at 7.45 a.m. and homeward train leaves Konzenchiao at 2.00 p.m.

For further PARTICULARS apply to the Traffic Manager, Shanghai North. Telephone No. 900.

By Order,

TRAFFIC MANAGER.

23918

Commercial Pacific Cable Company

NOTICE

Our route to America is restored. Private codes may be used. Signatures are not necessary.

J. D. GAINES,
Superintendent.

Shanghai, June 7th.

The International Recreation Club

KIANGWAN RACES

55th MEETING

7th and 9th June, 1919.

(Saturday and Monday)

1st Saddling Bell at 3.00 p.m. Daily, sharp.

ENTRANCE TICKETS:—$1.00 each obtainable at the Gate.

SPECIAL TRAINS:—2.10 p.m. 2.25 p.m. 2.40 p.m.

TIFFINS AND REFRESHMENTS will be served at the Race Course.

By Order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.

23908

National Loan of the Third Year of the Republic (1914)

Subscribers to the above Loan are hereby notified that redemption of the Bonds drawn on 15th May (second drawing) will begin on 30th June, 1919.

Payment in cash or its equivalent will be made at the Bank of China and the Bank of Communications or any of the branches of the above Banks and also at the Shanghai Office of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

Any Bond of which the following are the two terminal numbers, namely, 05, 12, 26, 32, 45, 48, 55, 64, 74, 89 and 94, is a drawn Bond.

F. A. AGLEN,
Inspector General of Customs.

Inspectorate General of Customs,
Peking, 27th May, 1919.

23848

TEXACO PRODUCTS

Lubricating Oils, Greases, Floor Oils, Liquid Asphalt, Paints, etc.

Distributed by

LIENGYI MERCANTILE CO.
Szechuen and Soochow Roads.

23914

Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to 73 NANKING ROAD.

Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m., daily and by appointment.

Special consideration to men in uniform.

Municipal Notification

No. 2602.

7% LOAN 1919

Price of Issue until further notice 95 per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 12, 1919.

23836

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 12

HIRANO WATER

Reynell's

AT ALL HOTELS
AT ALL CLUBS

PURITY GUARANTEED

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

The busy man who lives far out should try

SULLIVAN'S for LUNCH

11.30 until 2 p.m. (excepting Sunday)
SULLIVAN'S CANDY STORE,
Nanking Road.

FOR SALE

A curious Porcelain Vase, made in the "Sung" Dynasty, nine inches in height, five colours like Jade, engraved with eighteen kinds of Idols and a Dragon-Head. For particulars and inspection, please apply to The Yah Da Heng, Dong Woo Lee, Ningpo Road, Shanghai.

協大亨同和里

23829

Variety Entertainment

for the Benefit of the

Institution for the Chinese Blind

OLYMPIC THEATRE

Today, June 7th, at 3 p.m.

Exhibition by the Pupils of the Institution, kindly assisted by

Myra Bancroft Olive.....Soprano
Professor Harry Ore.....Piano
Miss Jansen .....Violin
Mr. Edwin A. Dearn...Conjuring
McTylere School.

A very interesting programme has been arranged.

Tickets: $3.00, $2.00, $1.00

23882

UNION BRAUEREI A.G.

IN LIQUIDATION

Tenders are hereby invited for the purchase of the Union Brauerei A.G. as a going concern.

The said Union Brauerei is situated at No. 40 Gordon Road.

Tenders must be in by noon, the 12th of June, 1919.

For further particulars, please apply to the undersigned, who does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

Shanghai, 29th May, 1919.

G. D. MUSSO,
Liquidator,
Union Brauerei A.G.

23808

S.S. "West Munham"

The S.S. "West Munham" is now discharging her cargo at the Robert Dollar Company Pai Lien Ching Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature and take delivery of their goods. All claims against this steamer must be sent in within ten days after completion of the steamer's discharge or they will not be recognized. All risk of fire at the wharf to be borne by the consignees of the goods. Examination of damaged cargo will take place at the Wharf on Wednesday, June 11th, at 10.30 a.m.

U.S. SHIPPING BOARD
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.
THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.,
Agents.

23897

SPECIALIST

(Can Speak English Well)

Surgical and Venereal Diseases Men's and Women's Diseases.

X Ray and Diathermy are better for nervous diseases (especially rheumatism, nervous weakness, impotencey) and skin diseases.

Injections of all kinds of vaccine, serums and 1914 (606). Tests of blood.

(Japanese) Dr. WATANABE, A.M., M.D.

21 Haining Road (fifth house from North Szechuen Road).

Tel. North 2279.

17846

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

WHAT MORE CAN YOU ASK?

The

NATIONAL PORTABLE TYPEWRITER

(Model No. 3)

Here is a portable typewriter of standard type-bar construction, with rigid, durable frame of cold rolled steel—built to stand rough usage—full size universal keyboard, full width carriage; has every essential advantage of the big typewriters; yet stands only 6¾-in. high and weighs a little over 9 pounds complete. The New Model No. 3 is a material improvement over all previous models in fact, a great little machine. Two colour ribbon, back-spacer, easy removal of type-bars, etc.

Complete with Carrying Case and a One-Year Guarantee

For Mx. $75.00

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai — Cable Add.: Mackbeuck

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NOTICE

Dr. Oks and Dr. Holper

No. 3 Klukiang Road
Tel.: Central 1801

Dr. OKS, M.D., Eye, ear, throat, nose and internal diseases.
9-11 a.m. and 1-4 p.m.

Dr. HOLPER, M.D. Urinary, skin and internal diseases.
11-1 p.m. and 4-6 p.m.

23741

TO LET

18, BAIKAL ROAD:

Large detached residence suitable for boarding house and situated near tramline.

For full particulars apply to

Credit Foncier d'Extreme-Orient,

20, THE BUND,

Entrance on Nanking Road.

23913

CODE BOOKS

JUST ARRIVED

Bentleys Phrase Code $25.00
Western Union Code 30.00
A. B. C. 5th Edition Code.. 25.00

Chow Tzu Kong, Bookseller,
111, Szechuen Road.

23826

FOR SALE

A number of very fast and medium-speed Motor-boats, also a motor tow-boat.

For particulars apply:
WRIGHT & BELYEA,
8 North Honan Road.

22246

HONMA HOSPITAL

No. 84 Miller Road. Tel. N. 2961

DR. K. HONMA

(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)

Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and Diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

Prof. J. K. Seto

Turkish Bath and Massage Establishment

25 N. Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

Tel. North 2768

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association

The Exchange Banks which are members of the above Association will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on 9th June, on account of Whit Monday holiday.

23910

Dr. med. F. T. Kiang

Physician and Surgeon

(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical University Clinic of Berlin)

Specialist in veneral diseases.
Office: 85 Szechuen Road.
Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.
Telephone: No. C. 3844.

SITUATIONS WANTED

CAPABLE American wishes position as foreman or overseer. Willing and hard worker. No objection to outport. Apply to Box 290, THE CHINA PRESS.

23919 J. 8

ACCOUNTANT of long experience, with thorough knowledge of general office work, seeks position. First-class references. Please apply to Box 299, THE CHINA PRESS.

23891 J.11

A HUSTLING American, about to leave for home, is open for a contract to return towards the end of the year. Would make a first-class salesman or manager. Speaks Chinese fluently. Address to Box 293, THE CHINA PRESS.

23884 J.10

APARTMENTS

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Front rooms and back rooms to let. Very good table. Apply to Mrs. Weinstock.

Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens

From June 1st, well-furnished large and small rooms with board, every convenience. Centrally located. Terms moderate.

WELL-furnished bedroom with bathroom and verandah attached to let in private family in the Central district. Breakfast can be arranged for. Apply to Box 311, THE CHINA PRESS.

23921 J. 10

FOUR ROOMED HOUSE in Yangtzepoo District—Rental Tls. 33 per month. Present tenant wishes to sell furniture and fittings. Price very reasonable. Apply to Box 312, THE CHINA PRESS.

23923 J. 8

TO LET, two well-furnished rooms in private family, every conveniences. Apply 36 Quinsan Road.

23912 J. 8

NICE furnished room, with bathroom, to let in a French family, with board. Apply to Box 304, THE CHINA PRESS.

23902 J. 12

TO LET, with board, large comfortably furnished room in select neighbourhood. All modern comforts provided, telephone, tennis court, garage, stabling, hot and cold water. Apply to Box 203, THE CHINA PRESS.

SITUATION VACANT

SALESMAN WANTED (American or British), one with knowledge of office machines and supplies, good position and excellent prospects for right man. Apply, giving experience, to Box 305, THE CHINA PRESS.

23905 J. 8

WANTED, an experienced stenographer (Eurasian). State previous experience and salary wanted to Box 301, THE CHINA PRESS.

23898 J. 7

WANTED, young Eurasian man as general office assistant; must have previous commercial experience and knowledge of bookkeeping. State reference and salary required, to Box No. 298, THE CHINA PRESS.

23890 J.10

STENOGRAPHER WANTED: Experienced steno-typist wanted by American firm. Good salary and prospects. Apply by letter to Box 261, THE CHINA PRESS.

23788

WANTED, capable foreign foreman, with complete experience in the manufacture of high-class cigarettes. Good salary for suitable applicant. Reply to Box 258, THE CHINA PRESS.

23774 J.8

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let, new buildings 14 and 16 Canton Road; entire ground-floor and all second-floor, No. 16 one half ground-floor and all second-floor, No. 14. Will divide to suit tenants' requirements. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

23839

LARGE, bright godown, second floor, Central district. Immediate occupation. Apply to Box 246, THE CHINA PRESS.

23834

MISCELLANEOUS

TO LET for the season, a tennis lawn in fine condition, same situated in Western district. For particulars, apply to Box 303, THE CHINA PRESS.

23901 J. 12

HOUSES TO LET

PEITAIHO HOUSES TO RENT

SUMMER, 1919
$250 to Tls. 600

Apply Secretary,
ROCKY POINT ASSOCIATION,
28a Victoria Road, Tientsin.

23656

FURNISHED HOUSE to let in French-town from 1st August to end February or March; five rooms, two bathrooms, attic, telephone, garden. Tls. 70 per month. Apply to Box 310, THE CHINA PRESS.

23916 J. 10

FURNISHED HOUSE to let in Western district, from 1st July until December, four bathrooms and every convenience. Large lawn and garage. Tls. 170 per month. Apply to Box 295, THE CHINA PRESS.

23887

TO LET, furnished, six-roomed house, good lawn, Tls. 110 for six weeks after middle of July to first week in Sept. Bubbling Well. Please apply to Box 300, THE CHINA PRESS.

23893

TO LET, central, four-roomed flat, fully furnished, telephone, geyser and ceiling fans. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 291, THE CHINA PRESS.

23880 J.7

FOR RENT, flat consisting drawing room, dining-room, two bedrooms, one bathroom, verandah, servants' quarters, tennis court, in French section. Tls. 65, including house taxes. Apply to Box 282, THE CHINA PRESS.

23863

TO LET, from June 1st, modern detached residence in fine locality, five rooms. Garden. Tls. 100 per month. 197 Bis Avenue due Roi Albert. China Realty Co., Ltd.

23830

TO LET, 20 Yates Road, detached eight-roomed residence, tennis, garage, stabling. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

23831

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road, excellent residence of four large and three small rooms. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

23832

EDUCATIONAL

CHINESE TEACHER will give Mandarin lessons to foreigners. Moderate terms. Time to suit. Apply to C. C. Wu, 75 Sing Zung Lee, Paoshan Road.

23895 J.8

CHINESE teacher is willing to give Mandarin lessons to foreigners. Also understands little English and French. Apply to Box 238, THE CHINA PRESS.

23740 J. 8.

OFFICES WANTED

WANTED, three or four rooms with all modern conveniences, centrally located, ground or 1st floor, for professional offices. Apply at once to Box 307, THE CHINA PRESS.

23909 J. 8

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, Ford 1917 model car, reasonable terms. Always driven by owner. In good condition. Apply to Box 309, THE CHINA PRESS.

FOR SALE, Remington typewriter, very cheap, in excellent condition. May be seen at 246 Rue de Siemen.

23904 J. 8

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS
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SUNDAY, per Year 7.00
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Telephone—1432 Business Office.
1433 Editorial Department.
Telegraph Address—NATPRESS SHANGHAI.

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER
Fine, hot weather. Moderate southerly breezes.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JUNE 7, 1919

To Foreigners As Well As Chinese: Keep Your Heads

THIS is the time for coolness all around, for foreigners no less than Chinese. The Settlement is at the highest tension. This will ease or snap according as we handle the situation tactfully or tactlessly. As much can be precipitated by foreign misjudgment as by Chinese mob spirit.

This thing will blow over or it will at least proceed on its course peacefully if only we remember some simple laws of mob psychology. And those laws apply to mobs of any race or color. The most decisive weapon to use against any mob is tact. A mob is dangerous only when it is balked or provoked. It is dangerous only when it is solidified, and it is solidified only by opposition. It can act effectively only as a unit. It can organise into a unit only if challenged by force. There is only one way to handle a mob: Let it alone until it takes to violence of its own accord. Then act without reserve. In ninety-five cases out of a hundred it will not take to violence of its own accord. It will get tired and hungry and go back to its home and its work. That is plain human nature.

Let us take all the precautions necessary but remember that premature or too strenuous precautions can also hasten the explosion. Too many precautions may light a spark, a spark that will ignite a terrible flame.

And let us also try to understand this thing and what the Chinese are aiming at. We foreigners are sometimes in a position of damning the Chinese if they do and damning them if they don't. We berate them for supinely submitting to their treacherous and corrupt officials. We berate them also if they take the only measures open to them to coerce those officials. Remember that a strike or a suspension of business is after all the most peaceful form of protest. People of other countries do worse. Remember how the Japanese acted in their rice riots last year. Remember how people of other countries have acted in public heat. So far the Chinese have been singularly moderate.

They have been so far and they will continue to be if their own leaders and foreign leaders keep their heads. Their own leaders are working for order, for a lawful demonstration. It is for us foreigners to co-operate with them and to stand behind them. It is for us to avoid the use of our defense measures in such a way as to arouse the anger of the mobs, whether the anger is justified or unjustified.

The Token

(From The Westminster Gazette)

Listen, I who love thee well,
Have traveled far, and secrets tell.
Cold the moon that gleams thine eyes,
Yet beneath her further skies
Rests for thee a paradise.
I have plucked a flower in proof,
Frail in earthly light, forsooth:
See, invisible it lies
In the palm: now veil thine eyes;
Quaff its fragrancies.
Would indeed my throat had skill
To breathe thee music faint and still—
Music learned in dreaming deep
In those lands, from Echo's lip:
'Twould lull thy soul to sleep.

WALTER DE LA MARE.

The Crisis In Finance: A Suggestion

By George Paish And J. A. Hobson
(In London Nation)

It is time that a serious attempt is made by the statesmen and peoples of the countries involved in the crushing burdens of debt arising from the war and the reparation of war damages, to take concerted measures for dealing with a financial situation which, left to take care of itself, is likely to paralyse the power of economic recovery and to breed grave social disorders in every country. If free world-commerce for the supply of the foods, raw materials, and manufactured goods required by every nation to re-establish its industries and supply the needs of its population, is to be resumed, credit and exchange must be placed once more upon a reliable basis. Merely to remove the barriers which were placed upon free trade, transport, and exchange, permitting each nation to get the goods and services it could pay for, would mean that the weaker and more impoverished countries would continue to starve and that their starvation and disorder would infect the others. If, as is obvious to all who try to envisage the situation in its entirety, the restoration of world-peace depends upon the rapid and safe recovery of world-commerce, the latter no less certainly depends upon the establishment of a credit system which shall furnish an international support to the weaknesses and defects of national credit during the period of recovery and reconstruction. At present, if the blockade and all accompanying embargoes were completely removed, it would be impracticable for a number of the war-broken countries to find the means to pay for the external supplies they need, or to finance the great tasks of reparation of war damages. The brunt of the finance turns not on the mere magnitude of indebtedness, but upon the international payments necessary to meet the war debts incurred to foreign creditors, and to furnish the required credits for the immediate work of restoration in France, Belgium, Servia, Poland, and other devastated lands.

We must, at the outset, rid our minds of the notion that a German war indemnity can go far towards the solution of the problem. Leaving out of the discussion the grotesque demands of Colonel Lowther and others for payments which far exceed the total capital value of Germany, it is difficult to believe that for many years to come Germany can be made to pay even the full annual interest and a sinking fund upon the costs of reparation. For it is well to bear certain facts in mind relating to the surplus wealth of Germany. After supplying the needs of her own industries required for the maintenance of an increasing population, Germany never had more than some 50 millions a year for foreign investment. No doubt the large reduction of her expenditure on armaments would liberate another large sum which might be allocated to a reparation fund. But the total productivity of the country for a long time to come will have been reduced far below the pre-war level by the losses of valuable territory (including Lorraine) the shrinkage of her male working population, the damage to plant and stocks, and the inevitable shrinkage of her foreign markets.

It is true that before the war a wealthy and luxurious class had come into existence. But the task of reconstruction in Germany, as elsewhere, must be accompanied by a redistribution of income which will absorb most of this surplus in higher wages for the working classes. The industrial system will not work in Germany, as elsewhere, upon any other terms. Therefore, even if every facility of markets for buying and selling abroad were accorded to Germany, with Allied assistance in the early re-establishment of her foreign credit, it is difficult to conclude that the whole of what was wanted for reparation alone could be extracted from her by any device compatible with a tolerable peace and a League of Nations. Nay, even a prolonged military occupation, with the object of bringing close detailed economic pressure to bear upon her, would be unlikely to produce any better net result in the way of an indemnity. Slave labor cannot be made to pay in the modern world, and any attempt to depress the standard of the workers in order to pay foreign creditors is a sure short cut to "Bolshevism."

In our opinion, therefore, it would be foolish to expect to get out of Germany a much larger sum than 50 millions per annum for reparation, and in any case the great pressing task of financing the material restoration of France, Belgium, Servia, etc., will have to be done by a large international loan, towards the repayment of which Germany must make her annual contribution. Germany could, no doubt, pay a sum for principal and interest which would ultimately exceed 2,000 millions spread in payments over a period of forty or fifty years, provided the world's markets for buying and selling were open to her. A policy of closed or hostile markets, with a refusal of credit facilities, would, of course, negate the possibility of any such repayment.

But this obvious necessity under which the Allied nations stand, of furnishing immediate credit for the work of reparation, cannot be separated from the still graver obligation of dealing with the vast amount of floating debt incurred by the several Entente nations. The internal indebtedness of these nations will be a difficult task. But it is simplicity itself in comparison with the task of meeting the foreign debts at maturity or even of redeeming them over a period of years. For the internal debts, covering roughly seven-eighths of the total, are in the last resort problems of the internal distribution of wealth and income between taxpayers and home creditors. But the repayment of the foreign debts by temporarily crippled nations in dire need of credit to supply their immediate wants of food and materials involves a complete financial impasse, unless some international arrangement is made for their relief. This volume of international indebtedness must otherwise continually impede commerce and exchange, and disables the debtor nations from getting on to their industrial legs, so as to enable them to pay their way and preserve social order. Our own position, though far better than that of our Continental Allies, is not an easy one. It is true that we have lent to our Allies and Dominions almost as much as we have borrowed, chiefly from America. But a large part of our foreign lendings are notoriously irrecoverable, and a very small proportion of the whole can be repayed within any assignable period. About half of the 4,000 millions which before the war represented the volume of our sound foreign investments has been converted into more or less doubtful securities.

France is in a far worse situation. Of her pre-war foreign investments, amounting to some 1,500 millions, a large proportion was in Russia and has temporarily disappeared. Of the remainder, a large part has been sold abroad during the war. The net effect of the large borrowing from this country and America in which she has engaged during the war will leave her with the obligation to provide for total foreign debt not far short of 1,500 millions.

The position of Italy is, perhaps, worse than that of France. For a long time past she has been indebted to foreign nations, chiefly to France, for considerable sums, and during the war she has contracted a further foreign indebtedness of about 600 millions. Upon the financial situation of Austria and Russia it is hardly necessary to dwell. They are hopelessly insolvent for all present purposes of external, or even of internal, trade relations. In both cases if restoration is looked for, it can only come by vigorous assistance from outside. It is not necessary to make more than a bare reference to the state of Belgium, Servia, Rumania, Greece, and the other minor belligerents. It is obvious that unless the means are found for making good the war damage in these countries their condition will remain deplorable and they will not be able to repay any part of the substantial sums of money lent to them. The financial position even of our own Dominions is one of considerable anxiety. Even prior to the war, the debt of Canada to this country and America stood at some 700 millions, and a large part of the moneys advanced to the Dominions during the war has gone to her.

Such is our brief general survey of the situation. The dangers are, of course, more urgent for some countries than for others, but the whole world shares them, and must assist in meeting them. All nations must contribute towards a common financial project, pooling for this purpose their several credits and thereby creating an international credit much stronger than the mere aggregate of the separate national credits. It is only by some such large and bold constructive system of international finance that the difficulty can be surmounted. Our proposal would take some such shape as the following. A long and very strong loan of some 5,000 millions will be required for the purpose of repairing war damage, re-organising the finances and currency of Russia, and funding the foreign debts which amount on balance to about 3,000 millions. These debts consist of loans by the United States to the Entente nations of about 2,000 millions, of which about 1,000 millions have been made to Great Britain, of loans by Great Britain to other members of the Entente and the Dominions, amounting to nearly another 2,000 millions, and of loans by France to other members of the Entente amounting to 140 millions. If such a loan as we propose was established, the first test of its value is the security it affords. It is, therefore, obvious that it must be guaranteed both severally and jointly by all the contributory Powers in order that if any one Power should fail to provide its quota of interest and sinking fund, the rest would jointly accept responsibility for the deficit. Each nation must contribute according to its presumed ability, i.e., according to the present and early future estimate of its credit.

The 5,000 millions might on such a basis be raised in some such proportionate contribution as the following. America could make herself responsible for 20 percent of the loan, i.e., 1,000 millions. Against this obligation she would receive 2,000 millions of bonds in repayment of the debts due to her by the Entente nations. Great Britain's credit would enable her similarly to subscribe another 20 percent or 1,000 millions. She also would receive from the loan 2,000 millions in repayment of the debts due to her from the Allies and Dominions. Out of this 2,000 millions she would repay to America the sum, roughly 1,000 millions, borrowed for war purposes, using the other 1,000 millions in large part for redemption of her debt to other nations. She would, however, retain a substantial amount as she has found a considerable sum of the money she has lent by sales of her investments. The special importance of this for Britain is that by ridding her of the heavy incubus of upwards of 1,500 millions indebtedness incurred abroad, it would give stability to her exchange and enable her to esume her position of World Banker, a position seriously impaired so long as the present obligation to repay the sum borrowed without being able to collect the obligations due to her from other nations, lie upon her shoulders.

The contribution of Germany to the international loan should be on a basis of equality with America and Britain, involving the responsibility for the interest and principal of 1,000 millions. The immediate assumption of this responsibility could doubtless not be effected solely on her own damaged credit. But with America and Britain jointly responsible, the world's investors and bankers would certainly raise no difficulty in accepting the guarantee of Germany for 20 percent of the loan, together with her joint guarantee for the remainder of it. The other two-fifths of the loan ought to be raised from the other nations, each according to its ability, France finding 10 percent, or 500 millions, restored Russia a similar amount, and the minor countries, including the British Dominions and India, subscribing proportionately smaller sums. Nor is there any reason for confining this international loan to the ranks of the belligerent countries. Certain neutral countries of Europe and South America have made very substantial gains out of the war, their interests are deeply involved in the finance of a sound world-settlement and they may reasonably be invited to participate in a financial project which will have the effect of giving a wholesome start to world-commerce and stability to exchange. A general breakdown of world-credit would be only less disastrous to such a country as Argentina or Spain than to France or Italy. Their position during the war has placed them in a very strong financial state and would enable them without difficulty to make a substantial subscription to the world-loan. The sum here named must, of course, be taken only as a provisional estimate of the needs of the world for the tasks of reparation and debt redemption. If, as is possible, a larger aggregate sum turned out to be necessary, the contribution of each participant country must be proportionately raised. The loan, being secured upon the wealth of practically the whole world, would be the strongest security which the human mind can devise.

Such a loan should be made free of all taxation in every country, and should find a ready market everywhere. It could probably be placed at a rate of interest not exceeding 4 percent, and with a sinking fund of 1 percent, the sum required each year for interest and repayment would be 5 percent. It would be a strong security for bankers in all countries, inasmuch as it would be freely dealt in everywhere and would be of considerable value for the purpose of adjusting exchange. In the performance of the economic functions of the coming League of Nations this measure of international finance will prove to be not merely a convenience but a practical necessity. It will bring a new and most adaptable support to all the constructive work which such a League will be called upon to undertake.

The burden of the war debts will be too great for the world to bear, if they are imposed only upon the nations and the persons who have suffered most from the war, and, through their inability to bear them, will bring about a complete collapse in the credit of every nation. But the burden can be borne with toleration, if not with ease, if the peril to which such a dread alternative exposes the world, induces the nations to co-operate and take collective and effective action to overcome it.

Shelling A Forest Fire

A forest fire which was sweeping everything in its path endangered a Western army camp recently. All the fire fighting equipment had been used in vain when the happy thought occurred to lay down a barrage of shells. Within five minutes the fire was extinguished.—*Popular Mechanics Magazine.*

Montenegro Vanishes

The national assembly of Montenegro has voted in favor of incorporation into the new Jugo-Slav state. Thus one of the most picturesque and valiant of the little kingdoms of Europe vanishes into the past. At that, Montenegro had not been long a kingdom. It was a principality until 1910, when Nicholas, celebrating the fiftieth anniversary of his accession, assumed the royal title.

Montenegro, formerly a part of Servia, never completely yielded to the Turk. For four centuries this little mountain people kept the Moslem invader at bay. They were all warriors and maintained into the twentieth century a primitive pastoral civilisation little different from that of the Middle Ages. Turkey established a shadowy suzerainty over them in 1862. But this was renounced in 1876, and Montenegro's independence was finally recognised by the Treaty of Berlin in 1878.

Nicholas, the aged sovereign, was a remarkable personage. He exercised patriarchal powers and lived with extreme democratic simplicity. He was the proprietor of a hotel in Cettinje, a poet, a playwright and passionately fond of the great American game of draw poker. A giant in stature, he was probably the most imposing regal figure in Europe.

The military collapse of Montenegro in 1915 excited much suspicion. The Austro-Hungarians took the impregnable Mount Lovchen, opposite Cattaro, with hardly any effort. Montenegrin officials were accused of collusion with the enemy. But Montenegro could hardly have held out after Servia and Albania had been overrun by Mackensen and the remnants of the Serb army had fled to Corfu.

Nicholas went into exile in Paris, where kings in exile have been wont to congregate. His sons had disqualified themselves for the succession. His people, a pure Serb stock, longed for union with the other South Slavs. So his usefulness as a monarch ended. He has passed from the stage with more honor, however, than most of the other forty or fifty odd potentates of his class in Europe, whose names will be missing in the next edition of the Almanach de Gotha.—*New York Tribune.*

The Antiquity Of Hairpins

Hairpins have been elaborated as means of decoration since the earliest times. Particularly beautiful is the delicacy of their workmanship, two of the finest specimens being the gold pins which were found at Salamis, in Cyprus, and are now in the British Museum. Even more handsome were the Saxon pins of a later date, with their shank of brass, head of gold and embellishment of garnets and pearls. There were, too, the larger sort of pins so conspicuously and frequently mentioned in the Bible. The instrument driven by Jael through the temple of Sisera was probably a tent-pin, while Delilah fastened the web on Samson's hair with a pin or batten.

In the Middle Ages pins were a great fashion—indeed a necessity—in France, and we have it on record that in 1347 twelve thousand pins were removed from the royal wardrobe for one of the French princesses. The convenience was probably a little later in reaching England, but in 1540 we hear of Queen Catherine (Howard) importing pins from France.

In 1560 the trade underwent some considerable changes, brass superseding iron, while at the same time the price was lowered. During the reign of James I. the metal pin came into fashion. In 1817 a machine for producing entire pins was invented by an American, Seth Hunt, but it remained for Samuel Wright, of Massachusetts, to patent, in 1824, the wonderful pin-making machine which is generally used today.

Topics In Brief

Peace hath her blunders no less renowned than war.—*Boston Shoe and Leather Reporter.*

Perhaps Italy would be willing to give up Fiume in exchange for Burleson.—*New York Evening Post.*

Some of the Huns act as if they had invited the army of occupation to come over and visit them.—*Toledo Blade.*

The trouble is not so much with the fourteen points as it is with the fourteen interpretations.—*Washington Post.*

German naval officers maintain that their fleet was never defeated. Neither was the Chinese fleet.—*Indianapolis News.*

Scientists have discovered a thrush that dives and swims. What is needed is a swallow that will kick.—*Baltimore American.*

It is said that our national prohibition will tend to restrict immigration. But is this an argument for or against prohibition?—*Nashville Southern Lumberman.*

The Germans think that they are winning at the Paris Peace Conference. That's what they thought at Verdun and Argonne and the Meuse for a while.—*Indianapolis News.*

Slaves In Abyssinia

The inhabitants of the Gemira country in Abyssinia are pagans. They appear to believe in a divinity inhabiting the sky—not to be identified with the Wash of the Galla—and also in secondary genii dwelling on the earth. Slavery is not officially recognised, but it exists in fact, though with some extenuation in form. The slave is not free to change his master; he is put in chains if suspected of an intention of escaping; he is beaten if he does not work or march at the will of his master, and he receives no pay. On the other hand, if he can be "presented" he cannot be openly sold, and must be designated gabare ("subject") not baria ("slave"). Even these differences disappear in distant provinces like Gemira, and in times of disorder. Those who will not submit live as fugitives in the forests.

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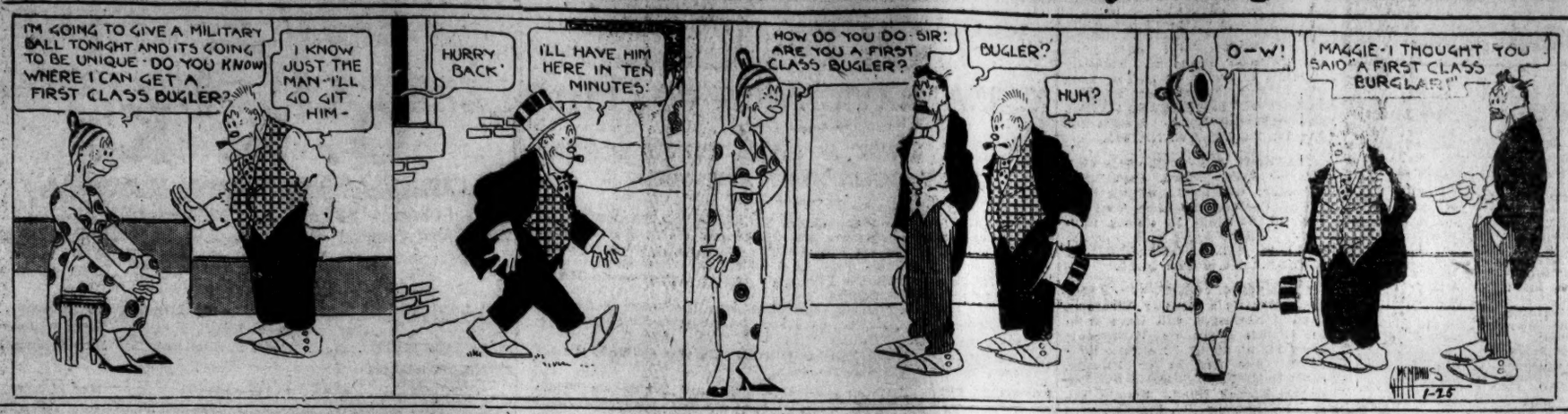
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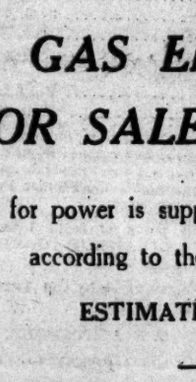

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All Women Liars, Says This Judge

By Elizabeth McCain

New York, May 3.—"All women tell lies; most of them very often. A great deal oftener, in fact, than most men do. Do you think that every time a woman tells a man she loves him she is telling the truth?"

This from a judge—Recorder Alfred Miles of the North Bergen, N. J., police court. And the case which led up to the above indictment of feminine honesty was just a little charge of disorderly conduct, growing out of a trifling quarrel between two girls.

So I went out to North Bergen to find out just what sort of a man this was whose faith in womankind seemed to have been so thoroughly and irretrievably warped. A crabbed old cynic, I thought, was what he must be. But I found, instead, a genial, humorous young dignitary, and he smiled:

"Yes, I did say all women tell lies," he agreed, "and I believe they do."

Continuing, he said:

"But in answering questions, or in relating accounts of incidents, women simply do not seem to feel any moral responsibility to tell the truth. The fact that they are under oath never seems to hinder them from falsifying in numerous details to prove their own case. Too often they do not confine their lying merely to details."

"When you put the question about a woman who tells a man she loves him." I asked, "did you mean that most women do not speak the truth when they say that they love a man?"

"Yes, I did mean just that," Judge Miles answered decisively. "There are four important things in the marriage question: Men, women, money and love. The general rule is that men make money in order to have love, and women make love in order to have money. And I do not say that sneeringly; it's a perfectly fair business exchange, both parties to the transaction receiving just what they wanted."

But here an interruption seemed most timely. So I asked, "Are you married, Judge Miles?" He answered:

"I am, and I have two children. The girl is in business and the boy is in the service."

And, since personal application is the only true test of a philosophy, I asked:

"And do you believe that your wife married you for the sake of money?"

"I know she didn't," he hastened to say, with a reminiscent twinkle in his eyes, "because I didn't have any money then. Remember," he cautioned, "I said most women—and Mrs. Miles isn't like most women. Just the same, though, it would be decidedly better for the whole country, as well as for the individual, if all marriages were made upon financial considerations primarily."

"Well, do you think that your mother told lies?" He answered:

"Not malicious or unnecessary lies. But I think my mother, in a courtroom, if that were possible, under the conditions, which most women come into police court cases, would probably have been as careless of details as most women are."

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daily regularity is essential. Constipation is the root cause of disordered liver, sick headaches, biliousness, foul breath, pimples and a host of other ills.

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Do You Know That--

The best marksmen are usually those with gray or blue eyes.

* * *

The jaw of the shark furnishes the best watchmaker's oil. In each shark is found about half a pint.

* * *

A stone house is not so durable as one of brick. A brick house, well constructed, will outlast one built of granite.

* * *

The design of the world-famous gardens at Kew was made by Sir William Chambers in 1730.

* * *

The ancient Romans considered it effeminate to wear beards. All their busts, representing the famous men of olden times, are without beards.

* * *

In Ceylon experiments have shown that it is more economical to dry tea leaves by electricity than by the old methods, and extensive plants have been erected for that purpose.

* * *

People in Siam are cautious about getting into debt. When a debtor is three months in arrears he can be seized by the creditor and compelled to work out his indebtedness. Should a debtor run away his father, his wife or his children may be held in slavery until the debt is cancelled.

St. Peter's Lost Key

Coblenz, Germany.—In the little valley village of Walporzheim, on the river Ahr, a tributary of the Rhine, is the Inn of St. Peter. A large golden key hangs out in front to draw the attention of the stranger to the inn of St. Peter.

American soldiers who visit Walporzheim seldom leave the village before hearing the story of the Inn of St. Peter and the Golden Key. It is the most fantastic of all the fantastic legends of the Rhine.

Like Rip Van Winkle's experience with the little old men in the Catskills, it was St. Peter himself who is today credited in legend with having drunk too deeply of the dark red wine of Walporzheim. St. Peter did not reach the advanced stage that put Rip Van Winkle to sleep for twenty years, but he got badly befuddled, says the legend, and there began the story of the Inn of St. Peter.

In the Bunten Kuh Mountain, which dominates the village, there lives a goblin, and it was this goblin who figured in the legend, which follows:

One day the Lord and St. Peter happened in the Ahr Valley and visited several inns. The wine of the valley was especially good that year, and St. Peter, who carried the key to heaven with him, drank a considerable amount before he reached the Inn of Walporzheim. Here, despite the deprecating glances of the Lord, he drank more, and his head became heavy, not to speak of the growing weight of the large golden key he carried in his hand. About supper time the Lord prevailed on St. Peter to leave, and after just one more drink the apostle hesitatingly walked out into the evening following his Master. They filed down the valley past the Bunten Kuh Mountain, and it was here that St. Peter suddenly recollected that he had left the key to heaven in the tavern. The Lord had walked on a considerable distance ahead. St. Peter turned back toward the inn, hoping to retrace his steps quickly and catch up with his Master. But the goblin of Bunten Kuh Mountain had been watching the heavenly gatekeeper for some time and he came down and led St. Peter, not back to the inn, but in wide circles. After a considerable time St. Peter gave up the search, and in disgust turned back to follow the Lord, who was calling him.

Here ends the legend of St. Peter, and how he opened the pearly gates to the souls there waiting will always remain a mystery of fantastic German legend weavers. But the innkeeper at Walporzheim made capital out of it, and if you don't believe the story they tell you today in the Inn of St. Peter at Walporzheim they'll simply point to the big golden key hanging above the door.

The Fatal Number

(From The Manchester Guardian)

Is there any fatality attaching to the number two in connection with monarchs? asks a correspondent. It is rather curious that the second royal holder of a name has generally proved unfortunate, either in his personal concerns or in his country's. We have present day examples in the ex-Kaiser and the ex-Tsar, both second of their name, and going back a bit we have Manoel II and Abdul Hamid II. Further back still, we have Napoleon III, who was really Napoleon II. He failed to evade his destiny even by a change of title.

The history of our own country can produce numerous similar instances. William II was accidentally killed; Edward II was murdered; Richard II was murdered, while Henry II, Charles II and James II were all decidedly unlucky monarchs. In Scotland we have the same tale. Beginning with Constant II, beheaded by the Danes, there are Duncan II, murdered; David II, imprisoned in England, and James II, accidentally killed. In France Francis II left his country loaded with debt and a prey to the miseries of civil war; Henry II died of a wound accidentally received. German and Austrian monarchs second of their names have generally proved futile. In Spain Charles II earned the title of "bad"; Henry II was poisoned, and Philip II died covered with ulcers. Zeodar II of Russia was murdered: Peter II was deposed; Alexander II and Nicholas II were both murdered. Surely a grim record.

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June	12 —	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
June	12 —	San Francisco	West Vaca	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
July	10 —	Seattle	West Munham	Am.	R. D. Co.
July	13 —	San Francisco	Stanley Dollar	Br.	R. D. Co.
June	14 —	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
June	14 —	New York	Egremont Castle	Br.	R. D. & Co.
July	15 —	San Francisco	Cardareta	Am.	R. D. Co.
June	17 —	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
June	21 —	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.N. Co
June	25 —	San Francisco	Western Knight	Br.	R. D. & Co.
June	27 —	Seattle	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	27 —	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
June	29 —	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
July	5 —	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
July	12 —	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July	15 —	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Br.	R. D. Co.
July	19 —	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
July	24 —	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
July	25 —	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug.	2 —	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Aug.	7 —	San Francisco	Tancred	Am.	R. D. Co.
Aug.	9 —	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug.	16 —	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Aug.	22 —	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Sept.	9 —	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Sept.	9 —	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

June	7 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	10 —	Kobe	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	11 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	11 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
———	— —	Kobe and Yokohama	Nera	Fr.	M.M. Cie
June	— —	Kobe & Yokohama	Sphinx	Fr.	M.M. Cie
June	14 —	Moji, Kobe and Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	17 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	18 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	20 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Wakanoura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

———	—	Marseilles	Nera	Fr.	M.M. Cie
———	—	London	C. of Colombo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
June	9 —	Marseilles	Yokohama Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	12 —	London	Rhesus	Br.	B. & S.
June	14 —	Bombay	Dunera	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
June	15 —	London, etc.	Andes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
June	19 —	Liverpool	Teucer	Br.	B. & S.
June	20 —	London	Glenamoy	Br.	G. L. E. A.
June	23 —	London	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	26 —	London	Talthybius	Br.	B. & S.
June	— —	London	Altai Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
June	— —	Marseilles	Sphinx	Fr.	M.M. Cie
July	3 —	Liverpool	Ningchow	Br.	B. & S.
July	10 —	London	Idomeneus	Br.	B. & S.
July	23 —	Settle	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

June	7	5.00 Swatow	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
June	7	5.30 Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	8	— Hongkong & Canton	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	8	— Amoy	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	8	— Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	8	D.L. Hongkong & Canton	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
June	9	5.30 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
June	9	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
June	10	D.L. Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
June	10	D.L. Hongkong & Canton	Tientsin	Br.	B. & S.
June	12	D.L. Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
June	16	— Hongkong	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
June	28	— Hongkong & Manila	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

June	7	5.00 Tsingtau	Kwangse	Br.	B. & S.
June	7	— Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	8	D.L. Newchwang	Chihli	Br.	B. & S.
June	8	— Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinkong	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	9	10.00* W'wei, Chefoo, T'tsin	Koonshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
June	10	3.00 W'wei, Chefoo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
June	10	— Tientsin	Kwangping	Chi.	K.M.A.
June	10	— Dairen and Tsingtau	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.

FOR RIVER PORTS

June	7	M.N. Hankow etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
June	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Siangyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
June	8	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tachang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
June	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi.	J. M. & Co.
June	10	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
June	10	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
June	11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
June	11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

*A.M. N.M.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Saturday, June 7**, at about 12 o'clock mindight. For Freight, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Siangyang Maru**, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, June 7**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Hwahta**, will leave on **Sunday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tachang Maru**, Captain Y. Taniguchi, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wahrf on **Monday, June 9**, at about 12 o'clock middnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Hwahlee**, tons 1,151, Captain ———, will leave on **Monday, June 9**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Loongwo**, tons 3,926, Captain Findeison will leave on **Tuesday, June 10**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

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HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, June 10**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tafoo Maru**, Captain H. Yamasita, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Tuesday, June 10**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the Fench Bund on **Wednesday, June 11**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Southern Ports

AMOY.—The Steamer **Tungwah**, Captain FG Sewbery, will leave on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Kwangtah**, Captain C. Stewart, will leave on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

FOOCHOW.—The Str. **Hsinchi**, Captain E. Hansen, will leave on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shengking**, Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave on **Saturday, June 7**, at 5 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Sunday, June 8**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. Stott R. N. R. will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, June 9**, at 5:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage. apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tientsin**, Captain H. P. Hope, will leave on **Tuesday, June 10**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, June 12**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight. Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FROMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **June 14**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the **Nisshin Kisen Kaisha** at——on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4. The Bund, Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

SINGAPORE via MANILA.—The Str. **Arabia Maru**, Capt. T. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Wednesday, June 18**. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Chicago Maru**, Captain S. Yamaue, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **June 24**, ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The **Hsinfung**, Captain W. S. Ross, will leave on **Saturday** morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kwangse**, Captain J. D. Milne, will leave on **Saturday, June 7**, at 5 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Str. **Hsinkong**, Captain A. B. Baines, will leave on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chihli**, Captain F. McGarity, will leave on **Sunday, June 8**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, June 10**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

C. N. C.

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The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

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For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. **Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.**—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. **Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Xaifong.**—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

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Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

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West Vaca (Cargo only)	June 12	S.S. Ecuador	June 28
S.S. Venezuela	June 21	S.S. Colombia	July 26
S.S. Ecuador	July 19	S.S. Venezuela	Aug. 23

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TIENTSIN direct.—The Kailan Mining Administration S.S. **Kwangping**, will despatch on **Tuesday, June 10**. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1115.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN.— The Steamer **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsugaki will be dedspatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **June 17**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

MARSEILLES.—The Steamer **Indo Maru**, Captain S. Arai, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **Sunday, June 8**, at 6 a.m. cargo fully booked. **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON via MARSEILLES.—The Steamer **Andes Maru**, Captain K. Goko, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **Wednesday, June 18**. For Freight pleace apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on **Sunday, July 20**. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel No. 4234 & 4047.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Manila Maru**, Captain N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on **Thursday, July 24**. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-alunch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel No. 4234 & 4047.

Launch Services

Tuesday, June 10, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.S. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 a.m.

Saturday, June 14, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.S. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 11 a.m.

Siccawei Weather Report

5.—Fine hot weather in our regions. Rain in Fukien. The barometers have moderately risen in the Central and Southern districts.

6.—Cloudy but fine hot weather. Barometer slowly rising.

Friday, June 6, 1919.

Weather	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at 23° F. inches	29.75	29.75
Variation for 24 hrs.	—0.17	—0.19
Variation for 12 hrs.	—0.10	—0.13
Wind—Direction	SSE	SSE
Wind—Miles per hour	14.9	11.2
Temperature (Fahr.)	70°5	75°9
Humidity	97	92
Nebulosity (0-10)	10	10
Rainfall inches	—	—

O. S. K.

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FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Marseilles and Antwerp).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*ANDES MARU	15,000	S. Kamiashi,	June 16	June 18

FOR MARSEILLES

*INDO MARU	10,000	S. Arai,	May 31	June 8

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.

In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*ARABIA MARU	15,000	T. Saito,	July 19	July 20
*MANILA MARU	20,000	N. Kobayashi,	July 23,	July 24

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
CHICAGO MARU	12,000	S. Yamane,	June 23	June 24

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
KOHOKU MARU	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	June 15	June 17

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
KEELUNG MARU	2,000	Y. Fukami,	June 11	June 13

*Fully booked for passage.

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PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

KOREA MARU	June 29, 1919
TENYO MARU	July 24, 1919
SIBERIA MARU	Aug. 2, 1919
SHINYO MARU	Aug. 16, 1919
KOREA MARU	Sept. 13, 1919
TENYO MARU	Oct. 6. 1919

FOR HONGKONG

SHINYO MARU	July 26, 1919
TENYO MARU	Sept. 22, 1919

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CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

THE AMERICAN STEAMERS
"NANKING" (15,000 TONS) AND **"CHINA"** (10,200 TONS)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "CHINA"	JULY	5th
*S.S. "NANKING"	AUGUST	22nd
S.S. "CHINA"	SEP.	14th

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI nor HONOLULU.

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "CHINA"	JUNE	21st
S.S. "NANKING"	AUGUST	7th

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to

F. C. CHARMAN.
Acting Agent.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to **DO IT NOW**

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, and England:

	Tons		
YOKOHAMA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Okamoto,	June 9
TAMBA MARU	12,500	T. Sekine,	June 23

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

FUSHIMA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	June 27
KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. S. Koma,	July 23

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Itsuno,	June 11
YAMASHIRO MARU ..	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	June 17
WAKANOURA MARU ..	5,000	Capt. D. Aoshima,	June 20

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. H. Kawai,	June 11
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	June 14
TAKESHIMA MARU ..	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida,	June 18
YAWATA MARU	7000	Capt. H. Nojiri,	June 21

KOBE TO SEATTLE

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. M. Machida,	June 8

FOR JAPAN

MISHIMA MARU	16,000	Capt. S. Takano,	June 14

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	June 29

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. R. Shimidza,	July 16

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. M. Nishimura,	June 25
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Yamazaki,	July 23
AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. F. C. Cope,	August 20

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNEMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line		Mail 4.
20.35	8.35		0	dep. Peking arr.		19 50
23.45	11.12		. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.		17 00
23.50	11.17		84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.		16.53
24 00	11.25		. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.		16.45
19.35	. .		524	arr. Mukden dep.		. .

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line		Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	9.45	11.30	0	dep. Tientsin-East	arr.	17.05	15.45	20.15
6.55	9.55	11.40	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central	dep.	16 55	15.35	20.05
7.25	10.15	11.55		dep. Tientsin-Central	arr.	16 31	15 20	19.45
13.02	16.00	15.30	78	dep. Tsangchow	dep.	13 06	11.28	15.28
16 40	19.20	18.03	148	dep. Techow	dep.	10.39	8.47	12 58
19 57	22.12	20.21	—	arr. Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	6.00	8.30
7.	2		220		2			8.
6.00	22.25	20.31	—	dep. Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.40	19.02
9.27	1.00	22.31	266	dep. Tsinanfu	dep.	6.01	3.25	16.24
12.27	3.47	0 38		arr. Yenchowfu	dep.	3 49	0 40	18.00
12.47	4 02	0.48	318	dep. Yenchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	12 38
16.20	6.55	3.16	377	dep. Lincheng	dep.	1.20	21.24	9.26
19.02	8.45	4.50	—	arr. Hsuchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	6.30
9.	2		420		2			10.
5.40	9.00	4 57	—	dep. Hsuchowfu	arr.	23.29	19.00	20.50
11.26	13.02	8.33	523	arr. Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	15.20
11.51	13.20	8.40		dep. Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.35	14.09
18.27	17.34	11.52	600	dep. Chuchow	dep.	16.48	10.50	8.27
20.08	18.55	13.00	631	arr. Pukow	dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.		Shanghai-Nanking Line		Exp.	N. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193	arr. Shanghai-North	dep.	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Lincheng-Tsaochuang Branch Line						
13.10	4.10	d. Yenchowfu a.	12.08	23.53	21.30	16.40	9.30	d. Lincheng a.	6.28	15.50	21.00
14.03	5.05	a. Tsiningchow d.	11.15	23.08	22.40	17.50	10.40	a. Tsaochuang d.	5.15	14.48	19.50

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

ARMENIANS WANT AMERICA

Secretary To Paris Delegate Expects Us To Become Mandatary

Rome, May 4.—The Epoca publishes an interview with Levon Meguerditchian, President of the Armenian community in Alexandria, and for some time secretary to Nubar Pasha, Armenian delegate to the Paris Conference. Meguerditchian, asked whether the Armenians were satisfied to have the United States as a mandatory power, answered:

"To be quite frank, yes. America offers democratic guarantees. Americans will give us everything without asking anything in return, or, at least, almost nothing, which is what we now require."

He added that the Armenians know Americans very well, as a big Armenian colony lives in America, while American missions have constructed schools, hospitals and orphanages in Armenia, and have innumerable other institutions in Cilicia, with American and Armenian professors.

"President Wilson," he continued, "although sympathising with our cause, was opposed to the participation of the United States as a mandatory power in the Orient, but during his stay in Europe a strong political party has formed itself in his country, approving that America should accept a mandatory power over Armenia. The President had to give way.

"Massacres of our people have not yet ceased. Last month Turks killed several hundred Armenians, mostly women and children. We estimate that 70 percent of the Armenians abroad will return to their country the moment it is free. Notwithstanding this, however, we shall need capital and workmen. We rely for the former on the United States, for the latter on Italy. We have asked for a republican government, probably a Federal one like America, because it corresponds better to the characteristics of our people, and also assures us of the adhesion of the Armenians from the Caucasus."

DOLLAR LINE

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

MANILA — HONGKONG — SHANGHAI

to

PACIFIC COAST PORTS

SAILINGS FOR VANCOUVER

S.S. "Harold Dollar" - - - - - June 12th
S.S. "Bessie Dollar" - - - - - July 15th

FOR SEATTLE

S.S. "West Munham" - - - - - July 10th

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "Stanley Dollar" - - - - - July 13th
S.S. "Codaretta" - - - - - July 15th
S.S. "Tancred" - - - - - - Aug. 7th

Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

For further information as to Freight Rates, etc.
apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY

Union Building, Canton Road
TELEPHONE: CENTRAL 2303

This year **Vacationists** to

MOKANSAN and KULING

will carry less weight.

Our Branches will Supply at Shanghai Prices

Complete Lines of

Building and Household Hardware and Sundries.

Tennis Balls, Best Hand-sewn, **$9.00** per doz.

American-made Rackets.

Tennis Shoes **$1.35** per pair.

YUT SAE CHANG & CO.

A 1284 Broadway, Shanghai

Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Hwahlee (chartered) left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The H.O. s.s. Tehhsing left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The I.-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo will leave Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The P. and O. s.s. Dilwara, which sailed from Shanghai on May. 19, may be expected to arive at Bombay next Tuesday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Kwangping left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tulee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yokohama Maru left Moji for Shanghai on Thursday and may be expected to arrive today. The Yokohama leaves for London and ports Monday morning.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru left Nagasaki for Shanghai yesterday and may be expected to arrive tomorrow.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru left Moji for Shanghai yesterday and may be expected to arrive tomorrow.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai tomorrow.

The S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru is due in Shanghai from Dairen and Tsingtau Monday morning and will leave for Dairen direct on Tuesday. The tender with apssengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at nine o'clock in the morning.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Rhesus arrived in Shanghai from Japan yesterday and will sail for London and Antwerp tomorrow.

The P. and O. s.s. Dunera, from Bombay, is due to leave Hongkong for Shanghai today and may be expected to arrive on Tuesday.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco
Tenyo Maru ..... May 10
Tascalusa ..... May 22
Colombia ..... May 24
Shinyo Maru ..... May 26
Talyu Maru ..... May 27
Uncas ..... May 29
Windber ..... June 2
For Seattle
Suwa Maru ..... May 9
For Tacoma
Grayson ..... May 24
Africa Maru ..... May 27
For Vancouver
Empress of Russia ..... May 10
Melville Dollar ..... May 22
Methven ..... May 26
For New York Via Panama
Celtic Prince ..... May 24
For London, etc.
Peleus ..... May 3
Glengyle ..... May 4
Carmarthenshire ..... May 10
Shidzuoka Maru ..... May 12
Lycaon ..... May 20
Neuralia ..... May 24
Kaga Maru ..... May 26
Mentor ..... May 27
Amur Maru ..... May 29
Tokushima Maru ..... May 30
For Liverpool
Pakling ..... May 11
Stentor ..... June 5
For Marseilles
Paul Lecat ..... May 10
Sanno Maru ..... May 30
For Bombay
Dilwara ..... May 19
For Java
Tjilliwong ..... May 9

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ..	$635 B.
Chartered	£80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 255
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$440 S.
North China	Tls. 220
Union of Canton ...	Hk. 192½ x R
Yangtsze	$245 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 24
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$141
Hongkong Fire	$325 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def	$150
Indo-China Pref...	
"Shell"	195/–
Shanghai Tug (o) ..	Tls. 36 B.
Shanghai Tug (f) ...	Tls. 40
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 10½ B.
Oriental Cons	21/–
Raub	$2 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$151 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 134 B.
New Eng. Works ...	Tls. 23½ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ...	Tls. 95 B.
Hongkong Wharf ...	$92 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land ..	Tls. 76
China Land	Tls. 80
Shanghai Land	Tls. 67½ B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 17 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 39
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 262½
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 180 B.
Oriental	Tls. 85 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 183 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 32 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 12½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref. ...	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$153 B.
Green Island	$7.45 B.
Langkats	Tls. 20 CNI
Major Bros	Tls. 5 [B.
Shanghai Sumatra ...	Tls. 105 B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$12½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5 B.
Weeks	$11½
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 8 S.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7½ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 19
Batu Anam 1918 ..	Tls. 0.80 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.85
Chemor United	Tls. 0.90 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7½
Cheng	Tls. 2.10
Consolidated	Tls. 2½ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6 B.
Gula Kalumpong ...	Tls. 5.65
Java Consolidated ..	Tls. 13.90
Kamunting	Tls. 4½ S.
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 16
Karan	Tls. 8½
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 11½
Padang	Tls. 9½ B.
Pengkalan Durian ..	Tls. 4½ B.
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.80 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.70 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.80 B.
Senawang	Tls. 7 B.
Shanghai Klebang ..	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 7½ B.
Shanghai Pahang ...	Tls. 1 B.
Sungala	Tls. 1.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8½
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3½
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.40 B.
Shanghai Seremban ..	Tls. 0.50 B.
Taiping	Tls. 1½
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.75 B.
Tebong	Tls. 13 B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 3½ B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber..	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 14
S'hai Elec. and Asb...	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 81
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 21½
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 85
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 25
Shanghai Telephone.	Tls. 74½
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 155

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road
Telephone No. Cencral 398

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI LOCAL TIME IS ONE HOUR AHEAD OF RAILWAY TIME

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North ..... dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	...
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Soccawei ..... dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15 13	16 13	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South ..... dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Songkiang ..... dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai ..... dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing ..... dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yahsh ..... dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changsu ..... dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow ..... dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou ..... arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou ..... dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Changshow ..... dep.	....	....	7 00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changsan ..... dep.	...	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Yahsh ..... dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashing ..... dep.	...	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashai ..... dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Sungkiang ..... dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.		*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South ..... arr.		*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	10 30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North ..... arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou.....	arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao....	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

B. Restaurant Car.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per R.M.S. E. of Asia ..... June 14
For United Kingdom
*Per B and S. s.s. Rhesus June 7
For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru June 10

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per T.K.K. s.s. Persia M. June 9
From France
Per M.M. s.s. Nera ..... June 20
*Parcels only to be sent by the steamer Rhesus.

Rubber Outputs

	April	May
Aloba	31,000	32,000
Amherst	3,376	2,334
Anglo-Dutch	73,500	—
Anglo-Java	217,000	—
Ayer Tawah	22,217	25,133
Batu Anam	20,202	25,603
Buket Toh Alang	12,500	14,236
Bute	17,900	20,900
Chempedak	10,000	11,500
Chemor	16,589	—
Cheng	17,841	18,265
Consolidated	49,162	54,509
Dominion	38,635	38,932
Gula Kalumpong	108,000	125,000
Java Consolidated	31,000	—
Kamunting	20,791	22,539
Kapala	11,774	12,537
Kapayang	—	—
Karan	8,500	11,700
Kota Bahroe	32,622	34,225
Kroewoek	54,000	—
Langkat	—	66,290
Padang	25,000	25,000
Permata	7,355	—
Pengkalan	10,008	—
Repah	18,000	21,000
Samagaga	17,000	23,000
Semambu	14,218	14,641
See Kee	—	—
Senawang	25,766	31,650
Shanghai-Malay	—	—
Shanghai-Kelahtan	9,500	14,000
Shanghai-Seremban	11,293	14,384
Shanghai-Pahang	15,316	16,985
Shanghai-Sumatra	55,100	63,040
Shanghai-Klebang	12,205	12,784
Sua Manggis	—	—
Sungala	11,351	9,054
Sungei Duri	23,333	—
Taiping	11,541	—
Tanah Merah	32,000	34,600
Tebong	75,000	80,000
Ulobri	5,589	4,627
Ziangbe	82,000	—

BANK OF ENGLAND

Reuter's Service

London, May 29.—According to returns the Bank of England's rate of discount is 5 percent and the proportion of reserve to liabilities is 19 percent.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, June 6, 1919.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate
@ 5/3=Tls. 3.81
@ exch. 74=Mex. $5.15

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate
@ 122½=Tls. 81.63
@ 74=Mex. $110.31

Mex. Dollars: Market Rate: 73.8

S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 253

Copper Cash ..... per tael 1835

Native Interest ..... Tls. .05

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 53½d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex., Paris on London ... Fr. 30.05
Ex., New York on London G. $4.61⅝

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 5/3
London ..... Demand 5/3⅛
India ..... Nom. T.T. 315
Paris ..... Nom. T.T. 787
Paris ..... Nom. Demand 790
New York ..... T.T. 122
New York ..... Demand 122⅛
Hongkong ..... T.T. 67⅛
Japan ..... T.T. 42⅛
Batavia ..... T.T. 304
Singapore ..... T.T. 44⅛

Banks Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 5/4
London ..... 4 m/s. Cdts. 5/5
London .... 4 m/s. Docy. 5/5⅛
London ..... 6 m/s. Cdts. 5/5⅛
London ..... 6 m/s. Docy. 5/5⅛
Paris ..... Nom. 4 m/s. 856
New York .... o/d. Docy. 123⅛
New York .. 4 m/s. Docy. 128⅛

Roubles Exchange
Today's Bank Buying Rate
For Roubles

Roubles 2,100 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $5.00

Customs House Exchange Rates
For June

Hk. Tls.	3.43	@ 5/2⅝	£1
,,	1	@ 784	Francs 8.73
,,	0.74	@ 121½	Gold $1
,,	1	@ 42⅝	Yen 2.61
,,	1	@ 15	Rupees 4.37
,,	1	@ 1.50	Mex. $1.50
,,	1	@ —	Roubles —

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, June 6, 1919.

BUSINESS DONE

Japan Government Bonds 5%:
Tls. 38.00 August
Japan-China S. and W. Co:
Tls. 36.00 June
Tls. 26.20 August
Shanghai P. and S. Exchange:
Tls. 21.20 July
Tls. 21.40 August
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill
Tls. 13.10 June
Tls. 13.50 July
Tls. 13.90 August
Local Yarns:
Water Moon 16's Tls. 181.00 Aug.
Water Moon 29's Tls. 194.00 June
Phoenix 16's Tls. 173.00 July

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, June 6, 1919.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official
Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.):
Tls. 13.00 June
Tls. 13.60
Tls. 13.75 Sept.
Tls. 12.75 June
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 188.00 July
Shanghai Docks Tls. 138.50
Tls. 137.00 July
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf
Tls. 96.00 June
New Engineering Tls. 26.00 Sept.
Unofficial
Hongkong and Shanghai Banks
$635.00
Langkats Tls. 20.00 C. N. I.
New Engineering Tls. 25.50 Sept.
Ewo Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 285.00 Sept.
Shanghai Docks: Tls. 136.50 June
Tls. 138.00 July
Tls. 137.00 June
Shanghai Cotton: Tls. 192.50 Sept.
Tls. 185.00 June
Sumatras Tls. 107.50
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf
Tls. 101.00 Sept.
Yangtszepoo Cotton Tls. 13.50 Sept.
Tls. 12.75 June
Anglo-Dutch Tls. 3.00

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, June 6, 1919.

BUSINESS DONE

Unofficial
Shanghai Hotels 6% Debs. @
Tls. 75.00 cash

COTTON MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, May 29.—Today's Cotton prices were:

Good Middling American 1⅛
staple spot ..... 20.44d.
July ..... 19.64d.
September ..... 18.66d.

AMUSEMENTS

Showing on June 7th, 8th and 9th
and Matinee Tomorrow
AT THE
OLYMPIC THEATRE

THE MASSIVE DRURY LANE SUCCESS
"SPORTING LIFE"
SEVEN PARTS
WITH SPECIAL MUSIC
BY THE MUNICIPAL BAND

Admission: $3.00, $2.00, $1.00

The Performance Start at 9.15 p.m.

LET'S GO!
Crest Hotel
TOD SANBORN
Direct from Portalo Cafe, San Francisco
MARIMBOPHONE AND DRUMS
At the Piano HARRY WARREN At the Piano
DANCE MUSIC
that won't let your feet keep still
PHONE: W. 937

Amusements

St. GEORGE'S GARDEN
Bubbling Well Road
Open Air Cinema Show
TONIGHT
Gladys Hulette in
"Pots-And-Pans-Peggy"
Very Funny
Pathe's American Gazette

VICTORIA THEATRE
SHOWING
June 7th and 8th
MARIE DORO
IN
"CASTLES FOR TWO"
Five Parts
Matinee, Today & Tomorrow
SHOWING
"DODGING A MILLION"
On Monday, 9th
ONE NIGHT ONLY
"THE FALL OF A NATION"

ISIS THEATRE
Saturday, and Sunday 7th and 8th June
Excellent Triangle Comedy-Drama
"REGGIE MIXES IN"
Five Parts
Laughs and Thrills Combined
Also Showing
"THE BUIL'S EYE"
Trans-Atlantic Super-Serial
3rd and 4th Episodes
Matinee, Today
"The Crimson Stain"
and
"The Million Dollar Mysteries"
Matinee, Tomorrow
Norma Talmadge
in
"The Social Secretary"

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 4 Canton Road

BRISTLES
WIDLER & CO. CHUNGKING
SKINS
Born 1915 — Still existing

TAKE ADVANTAGE
OF THE
HIGH EXCHANGE
Carry a Gold Dollar Account
WITH
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY
No. 8, Kiukiang Road

The Ault & Wiborg Co.
Dealers in
PAPER OF ALL KINDS
PRINTING PRESSES—LITHO PRESSES
OFFSET PRESSES—BRONZING MACHINES
FOLDING MACHINES—PAPER CUTTERS
ETC., ETC.
PAPER CARRIED IN STOCK
37 Canton Road Shanghai

Electric Lamps

ONLY by the use of good material can you expect to reap good results. Take advantage of our long experience, and bring your electric lighting to its highest efficiency by using

Efficient Lamps

We have just received a large consignment of good, reliable electric lamps of various candlepower, which are for sale at the following prices:—

16, 25, 32 and 50 c.p.	Tls. 0.40 each
100 c.p.	Tls. 0.85 each
200 c.p.	Tls. 3.50 each

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT
SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2660.

Be sure
to
get it
at
WING ON'S
It Pays!

ANOTHER SENSATION AT THE APOLLO — Saturday, June 7th, Sunday, June 8th
EVERY SEAT IN THE HOUSE SOLD OUT MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY
MABEL "MICKEY" NORMAND

Coming: Monday, June 9th, 1919.
"THE LAMB"
in
Five Reels of gripping intensity starring Douglas Fairbanks, the Grossmith of America.

Sunday night MABEL will run her last race at the Apollo, but leaving behind her fond memories that will not soon be dimmed. See her in this her last and greatest picture.
CROWDED HOUSES—ENTHUSIASTIC AUDIENCES—RECORD BOOKINGS
Did you see her? If not, get in with the crowd and book today.
Matinee, Today 4 p.m. "Mickey" — Matinee, Tomorrow 3.30 p.m. "Mickey"

Coming: Monday, June 9th, 1919.
"THE LAMB"
in
Five Reels of gripping intensity starring Douglas Fairbanks, the Grossmith of America.